

executive editor CHIP INGRAM

contributing editors JOHN W. HOOVER PAULA A. KIRK **CHRIS TIEGREEN** 



New Living Translation.



Walk Thru the Bible Ministries, Inc. Atlanta, Georgia



Tyndale House Publishers, Inc. Carol Stream, Illinois

Visit Tyndale's exciting Web site at www.tyndale.com

Features and Bible helps copyright © 2007 by Walk Thru the Bible Ministries, Inc.

Cover and interior image of circles copyright © by Kristy Pargeter/iStockphoto. All rights reserved.

The Daily Walk Bible is an edition of the Holy Bible, New Living Translation.

Holy Bible, New Living Translation, copyright © 1996, 2004 by Tyndale Charitable Trust. All rights reserved.

The text of the *Holy Bible*, New Living Translation, may be quoted in any form (written, visual, electronic, or audio) up to and inclusive of five hundred (500) verses without express written permission of the publisher, provided that the verses quoted do not account for more than 25 percent of the work in which they are quoted, and provided that a complete book of the Bible is not quoted.

When the *Holy Bible*, New Living Translation, is quoted, one of the following credit lines must appear on the copyright page or title page of the work:

Scripture quotations marked NLT are taken from the *Holy Bible*, New Living Translation, copyright © 1996, 2004. Used by permission of Tyndale House Publishers, Inc., Carol Stream, Illinois 60188. All rights reserved.

Scripture quotations are taken from the *Holy Bible*, New Living Translation, copyright © 1996, 2004. Used by permission of Tyndale House Publishers, Inc., Carol Stream, Illinois 60188. All rights reserved.

Unless otherwise indicated, all Scripture quotations are taken from the *Holy Bible*, New Living Translation, copyright © 1996, 2004. Used by permission of Tyndale House Publishers, Inc., Carol Stream, Illinois 60188. All rights reserved.

When quotations from the NLT text are used in nonsalable media, such as church bulletins, orders of service, newsletters, transparencies, or similar media, a complete copyright notice is not required, but the initials *NLT* must appear at the end of each quotation.

Quotations in excess of five hundred (500) verses or 25 percent of the work, or other permission requests, must be directed to and approved in writing by Tyndale House Publishers, Inc. Send requests by e-mail to:

Publication of any commentary or other Bible reference work produced for commercial sale that uses the New Living Translation requires written permission for use of the NLT text.

TYNDALE, New Living Translation, NLT, the New Living Translation logo, and Tyndale's quill logo are registered trademarks of Tyndale House Publishers, Inc.

Daily Walk is a registered trademark of Walk Thru the Bible Ministries, Inc.

ISBN-13: 978-1-4143-0957-6 ISBN-10: 1-4143-0957-0 Hardcover

permission@tyndale.com or call 630-668-8300, ext. 8817.

ISBN-13: 978-1-4143-0957-0 ISBN-10: 1-4143-0957-0 Hardcover ISBN-13: 978-1-4143-0958-3 ISBN-10: 1-4143-0958-9 Softcover

Printed in the United States of America

13 12 11 10 09 08 08 07 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Tyndale House Publishers and Wycliffe Bible Translators share the vision for an understandable, accurate translation of the Bible for every person in the world. Each sale of the *Holy Bible*, New Living Translation, benefits Wycliffe Bible Translators. Wycliffe is working with partners around the world to accomplish Vision 2025—an initiative to start a Bible translation program in every language group that needs it by the year 2025.

## CONTENTS

Index to the Books of the Bible vii
Alphabetical Index to the Books of the Bible ix
Introduction xi
How to Get the Most out of *The Daily Walk Bible* xiii
About Walk Thru the Bible Ministries xv
Seven Benefits from Reading Your Bible xvii
A Note to Readers xix
Introduction to the New Living Translation xxi
The Bible Translation Committee xxvii
Old Testament Overview xxix
New Testament Overview xxxi
THE OLD TESTAMENT 1
THE NEW TESTAMENT 1
Pathways through *The Daily Walk Bible* 1643

### Index to the Books of the Bible

GENESIS ... page 3 MATTHEW ... page 1243 EXODUS . . . page 75 MARK . . . page 1288 LEVITICUS ... page 135 LUKE...page 1317 NUMBERS . . . page 177 JOHN . . . page 1363 DEUTERONOMY . . . page 231 ACTS . . . page 1398 ROMANS...page 1445 JOSHUA . . . page 279 JUDGES . . . page 312 1 CORINTHIANS . . . page 1468 RUTH...page 343 2 CORINTHIANS . . . page 1489 1 SAMUEL . . . page 350 GALATIANS . . . page 1503 2 SAMUEL . . . page 391 EPHESIANS . . . page 1511 1 KINGS . . . page 428 PHILIPPIANS . . . page 1519 2 KINGS . . . page 468 COLOSSIANS . . . page 1525 1 CHRONICLES . . . page 508 1 THESSALONIANS . . . page 1531 2 CHRONICLES . . . page 546 2 THESSALONIANS . . . page 1536 1 TIMOTHY . . . page 1540 EZRA . . . page 595 NEHEMIAH . . . page 611 2 TIMOTHY . . . page 1548 ESTHER . . . page 634 TITUS . . . page 1553 JOB . . . page 648 PHILEMON . . . page 1558 PSALMS . . . page 698 HEBREWS . . . page 1561 PROVERBS . . . page 816 JAMES . . . page 1581 ECCLESIASTES . . . page 857 1 PETER . . . page 1587 SONG OF SONGS . . . page 868 2 PETER . . . page 1594 ISAIAH . . . page 876 1 JOHN ... page 1599 JEREMIAH . . . page 965 2 JOHN . . . page 1605 LAMENTATIONS ... page 1043 3 JOHN . . . page 1608 JUDE...page 1612 EZEKIEL . . . page 1053 DANIEL... page 1116 REVELATION . . . page 1615 HOSEA...page 1138 JOEL . . . page 1155 AMOS . . . page 1162 OBADIAH . . . page 1176 JONAH . . . page 1180 MICAH . . . page 1185 NAHUM . . . page 1196 HABAKKUK . . . page 1201 ZEPHANIAH . . . page 1206 HAGGAI...page 1213 ZECHARIAH . . . page 1217

MALACHI . . . page 1235

## Alphabetical Index to the Books of the Bible

ACTS page 1398	JUDGES page 312
AMOSpage 1162	1 KINGS page 428
1 CHRONICLES page 508	2 KINGS page 468
2 CHRONICLES page 546	LAMENTATIONS page 1043
COLOSSIANS page 1525	LEVITICUS page 135
1 CORINTHIANS page 1468	LUKEpage 1317
2 CORINTHIANS page 1489	MALACHI page 1235
DANIEL page 1116	MARKpage 1288
DEUTERONOMY page 231	MATTHEW page 1243
ECCLESIASTES page 857	MICAH page 1185
EPHESIANS page 1511	NAHUM page 1196
ESTHER page 634	NEHEMIAH page 611
EXODUS page 75	NUMBERS page 177
EZEKIEL page 1053	OBADIAH page 1176
EZRA page 595	1 PETER page 1587
GALATIANS page 1503	2 PETER page 1594
GENESIS page 3	PHILEMON page 1558
HABAKKUK page 1201	PHILIPPIANS page 1519
HAGGAI page 1213	PROVERBS page 816
HEBREWSpage 1561	PSALMSpage 698
HOSEApage 1138	REVELATION page 1615
ISAIAH page 876	ROMANSpage 1445
JAMES page 1581	RUTH page 343
JEREMIAH page 965	1 SAMUEL page 350
JOB page 648	2 SAMUEL page 391
JOEL page 1155	SONG OF SONGS page 868
JOHN page 1363	1 THESSALONIANS page 1531
1 JOHN page 1599	2 THESSALONIANS page 1536
2 JOHN page 1605	1 TIMOTHY page 1540
3 JOHN page 1608	2 TIMOTHY page 1548
JONAH page 1180	TITUS page 1553
JOSHUA page 279	ZECHARIAH page 1217
JUDE page 1612	ZEPHANIAH page 1206

## INTRODUCTION

 $YEARS\,AGO\,$  when I was a new Christian, someone introduced me to  $Daily\,$   $Walk\,$  devotional magazine. The daily reading plan and explanations in that study guide—and later in  $The\,Daily\,Walk\,$  Bible—gave me a deep foundation in God's Word and accelerated my spiritual growth dramatically. I found that using a tool that not only guides me through the Bible but also offers devotional insights along the way can be one of the most enriching experiences a Christian can have. It brings me face to face with God's truth daily.

Now as president of Walk Thru the Bible, I have abundant opportunities to offer God's Word to Christians around the world. I've seen how powerfully a solid biblical foundation can transform the lives of people, the ministries of churches, and even the fabric of society. I've heard story after story of people getting into God's Word in a systematic way and being so radically impacted that they're never the same.

That's why I value this Bible so much and why I'm so enthusiastic about recommending it to you. It brings together the devotional content of *Daily Walk* and the biblical text itself. There are many ways to use this tool—for your personal time with God, in small group discussions, for family devotionals, as a year-long overview, or for specific topical and character studies. Regardless of how you use it, you'll find your confidence in the Bible and your attitudes toward God and others being transformed by the power of His Word. You'll begin to understand how all of the books of the Bible fit with each other and how to approach the problems you face each day. You'll find in these pages the full range of human emotions and experiences—the joys, the heartaches, the celebrations, the laments, the hopes, and the fears of God's people down through the ages. Most importantly, you'll encounter the living God.

My prayer for you as you read and study this Bible is that God will equip you with a deeper understanding of His ways, inspire you with greater energy for His work, and bless you with a fuller, richer relationship with Him.

Chip Ingram
President, Walk Thru the Bible

# How to Get the Most out of THE DAILY WALK BIBLE

The Daily Walk Bible is conveniently arranged in 365 readings so it can be read through in the course of a year. There are many other ways to use this Bible, however. It can be read in full on a two- or three-year cycle or chronologically; or you can follow one of many "pathways" that will lead you through specific books, topical studies, character profiles, and more. Each section is designated as a "walk." These walks are compiled in various pathways, each of which can be used for individual study, as small-group curriculum, or as discussion guides for a class or Bible study group. Pathways can be found at http://www.dailywalkpaths.com.

In addition to the Scripture reading, each segment, or walk, contains three components:

**Overview** provides a bird's-eye view of your Bible reading walk for the day. A chart also maps out the main ideas of the Scripture section.

My Daily Walk is a wayside refreshment area that encourages you to think carefully about one scriptural insight from the day's reading. Here you'll find specific ways to put the truths into action in your own life. Principles from God's Word are explained practically to help you successfully cope with life today.

**Insights** offer interesting facts along the way about the day's passage to help build your Bible knowledge.

Every seventh reading each month provides an opportunity to pause in your journey through the Bible with a special devotional to review the past several sections. After you *Look Back* at the broad sweep of your reading for the previous week, you can *Look Up* to God and consider what he wants to say to you through his Word and *Look Ahead* at what's to come. You can also use this seventh day as a breather to catch up on any reading from the past few days.

You will also find in *The Daily Walk Bible* a helpful introductory page for each of the sixty-six books of the Bible. A concise overview of the background and purpose of each book is followed by a useful chart summarizing its content and flow.

Every feature of *The Daily Walk Bible* is designed to help you get the most out of your time with the Lord. It's a tool you will find many ways to use—and a tool that God can use in many ways in your life.

# ABOUT Walk Thru the Bible Ministries

Walk Thru the Bible is a global Christian educational organization that partners with the local church. Our vision is to provide relevant biblical teaching, training, and tools to pastors, people, and professionals to produce Romans 12 Christians worldwide—disciples whose relationships with God, the world, themselves, other Christians, and non-Christians reflect the character and purposes of Jesus.

By focusing on the central themes of Scripture and their practical application to life, Walk Thru the Bible enjoys wide acceptance across denominations, fellowships, and cultures around the world. In addition, it has carefully initiated strategic ministry alliances with many diverse Christian organizations and missions.

Walk Thru the Bible seminars are taught in over 45 languages by more than 80,000 men and women in over 100 countries. More than 100 million daily devotionals have been packaged into magazines, books, and other publications that reach over five million people each year.

Walk Thru the Bible is a not-for-profit organization governed by a board of directors and is a member of the Evangelical Council for Financial Accountability.

For more information, visit our Web site at www.walkthru.org or contact:

Walk Thru the Bible 4201 North Peachtree Road Atlanta, GA 30341-1207 770-458-9300

# Seven Benefits from READING YOUR BIBLE

Bible reading is more than a pleasant pastime. It can become a daily habit that will change your life.

God's Word holds out the promise of rich benefits for those who spend time reading it and taking its truths to heart. Here are just seven of the many ways your life can be better as you make the Bible your daily reading companion. All seven come from Psalm 119—a magnificent song of praise for God's Word.

- The Bible will help keep you from sin. "I have hidden your word in my heart, that I
  might not sin against you" (verse 11).
- The Bible will lift your burdens. "I weep with sorrow; encourage me by your word" (verse 28).
- 3. The Bible will guide your steps. "Your word is a lamp to guide my feet and a light for my path" (verse 105).
- **4. The Bible will bring you joy.** "Your laws are my treasure; they are my heart's delight" (verse 111).
- **5. The Bible will lead you to wisdom.** "The teaching of your word gives light, so even the simple can understand" (verse 130).
- **6. The Bible will give you peace.** "Those who love your instructions have great peace and do not stumble" (verse 165).
- 7. The Bible will bring you back to God. "I have wandered away like a lost sheep; come and find me, for I have not forgotten your commands" (verse 176).

### A NOTE TO READERS

The *Holy Bible*, New Living Translation, was first published in 1996. It quickly became one of the most popular Bible translations in the English-speaking world. While the NLT's influence was rapidly growing, the Bible Translation Committee determined that an additional investment in scholarly review and text refinement could make it even better. So shortly after its initial publication, the committee began an eight-year process with the purpose of increasing the level of the NLT's precision without sacrificing its easy-to-understand quality. This second-generation text was completed in 2004 and is reflected in this edition of the New Living Translation.

The goal of any Bible translation is to convey the meaning and content of the ancient Hebrew, Aramaic, and Greek texts as accurately as possible to contemporary readers. The challenge for our translators was to create a text that would communicate as clearly and powerfully to today's readers as the original texts did to readers and listeners in the ancient biblical world. The resulting translation is easy to read and understand, while also accurately communicating the meaning and content of the original biblical texts. The NLT is a general-purpose text especially good for study, devotional reading, and reading aloud in worship services.

We believe that the New Living Translation—which combines the latest biblical scholar-ship with a clear, dynamic writing style—will communicate God's word powerfully to all who read it. We publish it with the prayer that God will use it to speak his timeless truth to the church and the world in a fresh, new way.

The Publishers July 2004

### New Testament OVERVIEW

The New Testament continues to unfold the program of God from the birth of Jesus to about the end of the first century A.D. The record of Jesus' incomparable words and works is preserved in the four Gospels (Matthew—John). After his ascension, Jesus' followers spread the Good News of his message (Acts). One of these followers, Paul of Tarsus, penned many letters to churches and individuals, providing much-needed encouragement and instruction. The final nine books contain practical help for the followers of Jesus Christ.

HISTORICAL BOOKS (5)	PAULINE EPISTLES (13)	GENERAL EPISTLES (9)
Matthew Mark Luke John Acts	CHURCHES (9) Romans 1 Corinthians 2 Corinthians Galatians Ephesians Philippians Colossians 1 Thessalonians 2 Thessalonians INDIVIDUALS (4) 1 Timothy 2 Timothy Titus Philemon	Hebrews James 1 Peter 2 Peter 1 John 2 John 3 John Jude Revelation



### Genesis

**G**ENESIS begins "in the beginning." Its fifty chapters sketch human history from Creation to Babel (Genesis I–II) and from Abraham to Joseph (Genesis I2–50). The first eleven chapters introduce the Creator God and the beginnings of life, sin, judgment, family, worship, and salvation.

The remainder of the book focuses on the lives of the four patriarchs of the faith—Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, and Joseph—from whom will come the nation Israel . . . and ultimately the Savior, Jesus Christ.

Focus	Four great events		Four great people						
Divisions	Creation 1–2	Fall 3–5	Flood 6–9	Nations 10-11	Abraham 12–24	<b>Isaac</b> 25–26	<b>Jacob</b> 27–36	Joseph 37–50	
Topics	Primeval history		Patriarchal history						
	Beginning of the human race			Beginr	ning of th	ne Hebre	w race		
Place	East (Eden to Ur)			West (Canaan to Egypt)					
Time	Over 2000 years (20% of Genesis)			About 350 years (80% of Genesis)					

#### 

chapter 1	chapter 2
Six days of Creation summarized	Sixth day of Creation scrutinized
Chronological	Topical

**OVERVIEW** Genesis opens with two accounts of Creation. The first (1:1–2:4) describes the events in chronological order; the second (2:4-25) considers the events topically in order to focus on one particular aspect of Creation. The first provides a wideangle view of the creation of the universe; the second takes a zoom-lens look at the climax of Creation—man and woman—for they are the ones who will bear God's image and enjoy God's fellowship in the garden prepared especially for them.

#### CHAPTER 1

In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth.\* <sup>2</sup>The earth was formless and empty, and darkness covered the deep waters. And the Spirit of God was hovering over the surface of the waters.

#### INSIGHT

Big Questions, Bigger Answers 1:1
The first verse in this English Bible
(Genesis 1:1) uses only ten words to
answer four of the most basic questions
that thinking individuals ask: (1) What
exists? (2) How did it get there? (3) Did
it have a beginning? (4) Who was responsible? The answers have been graciously
supplied by the only One who was there
at the time.

<sup>3</sup>Then God said, "Let there be light," and there was light. <sup>4</sup>And God saw that the light was good. Then he separated the light from the darkness. <sup>5</sup>God called the light "day" and the darkness "night."

And evening passed and marning

And evening passed and morning came, marking the first day.

<sup>6</sup>Then God said, "Let there be a space between the waters, to separate the

waters of the heavens from the waters of the earth." <sup>7</sup>And that is what happened. God made this space to separate the waters of the earth from the waters of the heavens. <sup>8</sup>God called the space "sky."

And evening passed and morning came, marking the second day.

9 Then God said, "Let the waters beneath the sky flow together into one place, so dry ground may appear." And that is what happened. 10 God called the dry ground "land" and the waters "seas." And God saw that it was good. 11 Then God said, "Let the land sprout with vegetation—every sort of seed-bearing plant, and trees that grow seed-bearing fruit. These seeds will then produce the kinds of plants and trees from which they came." And that is what happened. 12 The land produced vegetation—all sorts of seed-bearing plants, and trees with seed-bearing fruit. Their seeds produced plants and trees of the same kind. And God saw that it was good.

<sup>13</sup>And evening passed and morning came, marking the third day.

<sup>14</sup>Then God said, "Let lights appear in the sky to separate the day from the night. Let them mark off the seasons, days, and years. <sup>15</sup>Let these lights in the sky shine down on the earth." And that is what happened. <sup>16</sup>God made two great lights—the larger one to govern the day, and the smaller one to govern the night. He also made the stars. <sup>17</sup>God set these lights in the sky to light the earth, <sup>18</sup>to govern the day and night, and to separate the light from the darkness. And God saw that it was good.

<sup>19</sup>And evening passed and morning came, marking the fourth day.

<sup>20</sup>Then God said, "Let the waters swarm with fish and other life. Let the skies be filled with birds of every kind." <sup>21</sup>So God created great sea creatures and every living thing that scurries and swarms in the water, and every sort of bird—each producing offspring of the same kind. And God saw that it was good. <sup>22</sup>Then God blessed them, saying, "Be fruitful and multiply. Let the fish fill the seas, and let the birds multiply on the earth."

<sup>23</sup>And evening passed and morning came, marking the fifth day.

<sup>24</sup>Then God said, "Let the earth produce every sort of animal, each producing offspring of the same kind—livestock, small animals that scurry along the ground, and wild animals." And that is what happened. <sup>25</sup>God made all sorts of wild animals, livestock, and small animals,

#### TNICTCHT

In His Image 1:27

The words "created . . . in his own image" (Genesis 1:27) reveal much about our essential human nature. Of all God's creatures, we alone have moral freedom and will. Only we are capable of thinking about and knowing God. Like him, we are a unity of being—body, soul, and spirit. We have reason, emotions, and creative ability; the possibilities for comparison are numerous. And in our original, unfallen state, we reflected the very righteousness and immortality of God.

#### MY DAILY WALK

What is the longest book you have ever read?

What is the greatest distance you have ever walked?

What is the biggest meal you have ever eaten?

And what could these three curious questions possibly have in common?

In case you haven't guessed, they are all examples of big projects completed in small stages. You read that book one page at a time . . . covered that distance one step at a time . . . ate that meal one bite at a time. One page, one step, one bite might not seem like much when compared to the whole, but each brings you closer to your goal.

This year, with the help of *The Daily Walk Bible*, you'll be reading through the entire Bible—all 1,189 chapters of it. And like thousands of other "daily walkers," you'll discover you can reach your goal—one day at a time. Are you ready to launch your exciting expedition through the Bible? It starts with the first words of Genesis: "In the beginning God created. . . ."



THAT GOD CREATED US FROM DUST IS NO REASON TO TREAT ANOTHER PERSON LIKE DIRT.

each able to produce offspring of the same kind. And God saw that it was good.

<sup>26</sup>Then God said, "Let us make human beings\* in our image, to be like us. They will reign over the fish in the sea, the birds in the sky, the livestock, all the wild animals on the earth, and the small animals that scurry along the ground."

<sup>27</sup> So God created human beings\* in his own image.

In the image of God he created them:

male and female he created them.

#### INSIGHT

#### The Days of Creation 1:1-31

If the days of Creation are arranged in two columns of three days each, you'll discover an interesting fact:

First God created the realm

Day 1-Light

Day 2—Sky and oceans

Day 3-Dry land

Then God created the ruler

Day 4—Sun, moon, and stars

Day 5—Birds and fish

Day 6—Animals and people

<sup>28</sup>Then God blessed them and said, "Be fruitful and multiply. Fill the earth and govern it. Reign over the fish in the sea, the birds in the sky, and all the animals that scurry along the ground."

<sup>29</sup>Then God said, "Look! I have given you every seed-bearing plant throughout the earth and all the fruit trees for your food. <sup>30</sup>And I have given every green plant as food for all the wild animals, the birds in the sky, and the small animals that scurry along the ground—everything that has life." And that is what happened.

31 Then God looked over all he had made, and he saw that it was very good! And evening passed and morning came, marking the sixth day.

#### CHAPTER 2

So the creation of the heavens and the earth and everything in them was completed. <sup>2</sup>On the seventh day God had finished his work of creation, so he rested\* from all his work. <sup>3</sup>And God blessed the seventh day and declared it holy, because it was the day when he rested from all his work of creation.

<sup>4</sup>This is the account of the creation of the heavens and the earth.

When the LORD God made the earth and the heavens, <sup>5</sup>neither wild plants nor grains were growing on the earth. For the LORD God had not yet sent rain to water the earth, and there were no people to cultivate the soil. <sup>6</sup>Instead, springs\* came up from the ground and watered all the land. <sup>7</sup>Then the LORD God formed the man from the dust of the ground. He breathed the breath of life into the man's nostrils, and the man became a living person.

<sup>8</sup>Then the LORD God planted a garden in Eden in the east, and there he placed the man he had made. <sup>9</sup>The LORD God made all sorts of trees grow up from the ground—trees that were beautiful and that produced delicious fruit. In the middle of the garden he placed the tree of life and the tree of the knowledge of good and evil.

<sup>10</sup>A river flowed from the land of Eden, watering the garden and then dividing into four branches. <sup>11</sup>The first branch, called the Pishon, flowed around the entire land of Havilah, where gold is found. <sup>12</sup>The gold of that land is exceptionally pure; aromatic resin and onyx stone are also found there. <sup>13</sup>The second branch, called the Gihon, flowed around the entire land of Cush. <sup>14</sup>The third branch, called the Tigris, flowed east of the land of Asshur. The fourth branch is called the Euphrates.

<sup>15</sup>The LORD God placed the man in the Garden of Eden to tend and watch over it. <sup>16</sup>But the LORD God warned him, "You may freely eat the fruit of every tree in the garden—<sup>17</sup>except the tree of the knowledge of good and evil. If you eat its fruit, you are sure to die."

<sup>18</sup>Then the LORD God said, "It is not good for the man to be alone. I will make a helper who is just right for him." <sup>19</sup>So the LORD God formed from the ground all the wild animals and all the birds of the sky. He brought them to the man\* to see what he would call them, and the man chose a name for each one. <sup>20</sup>He gave names to all the livestock, all the birds of the sky, and all the wild animals. But still there was no helper just right for him.

<sup>21</sup>So the LORD God caused the man to fall into a deep sleep. While the man slept, the

LORD God took out one of the man's ribs\* and closed up the opening. <sup>22</sup>Then the LORD God made a woman from the rib, and he brought her to the man.

<sup>23</sup> "At last!" the man exclaimed.

"This one is bone from my bone, and flesh from my flesh!

2:21 Or took a part of the man's side.

She will be called 'woman,' because she was taken from 'man.'"

<sup>24</sup>This explains why a man leaves his father and mother and is joined to his wife, and the two are united into one.

<sup>25</sup>Now the man and his wife were both naked, but they felt no shame.

# ★ WALK 2.....JANUARY 2 From Paradise to Pain GENESIS 3-5

# chapter 3chapter 4chapter 5The first sinThe first murderThe first family treeAdam and EveCain and AbelSeth

**OVERVIEW** What began as paradise is quickly spoiled by sin. Satan, disguised as a serpent, tempts the woman by turning her gaze from God's bountiful provision (the many trees) to God's one prohibition (the single tree of the knowledge of good and evil). Adam and Eve's disobedience in eating from the forbidden tree results in their expulsion from the garden. The seeds of their sin quickly grow as their first son, Cain, commits the first murder. For generation after generation the downward spiral continues, setting the stage for God's judgment.

#### CHAPTER 3

The serpent was the shrewdest of all the wild animals the LORD God had made. One day he asked the woman, "Did God really say you must not eat the fruit from any of the trees in the garden?"

<sup>2</sup>"Of course we may eat fruit from the trees in the garden," the woman replied. <sup>3</sup>"It's only the fruit from the tree in the middle of the garden that we are not allowed to eat. God said, 'You must not eat it or even touch it; if you do, you will die.'"

4"You won't die!" the serpent replied to the woman. 5"God knows that your eyes will be opened as soon as you eat it, and you will be like God, knowing both good and evil."

<sup>6</sup>The woman was convinced. She saw that the tree was beautiful and its fruit looked delicious, and she wanted the wisdom it would give her. So she took some of the fruit

and ate it. Then she gave some to her husband, who was with her, and he ate it, too. <sup>7</sup>At that moment their eyes were opened, and they suddenly felt shame at their nakedness. So they sewed fig leaves together to cover themselves.

<sup>8</sup>When the cool evening breezes were

#### ITNSTGHT

#### The Wages of Sin 3:6

With sin, the long-term pain always outweighs the momentary pleasure. In the serpent's kingdom, that's a law as fundamental as gravity. But in the Kingdom of God, the opposite is true: the pleasure of his presence (Psalm 16:11) always outweighs any momentary pain (Romans 8:18; 2 Corinthians 4:17). Learning to see temptation as a choice between temporary and eternal pleasures will help us overcome them.

blowing, the man\* and his wife heard the LORD God walking about in the garden. So they hid from the LORD God among the trees. 9Then the LORD God called to the man, "Where are you?"

<sup>10</sup>He replied, "I heard you walking in the garden, so I hid. I was afraid because I was naked."

11"Who told you that you were naked?" the LORD God asked. "Have you eaten from the tree whose fruit I commanded you not to eat?"

<sup>12</sup>The man replied, "It was the woman you gave me who gave me the fruit, and I ate it."

<sup>13</sup>Then the LORD God asked the woman, "What have you done?"

"The serpent deceived me," she replied. "That's why I ate it."

<sup>14</sup>Then the Lord God said to the serpent,

"Because you have done this, you are cursed

more than all animals, domestic and wild.

You will crawl on your belly, groveling in the dust as long as you live.

<sup>15</sup> And I will cause hostility between you and the woman,

and between your offspring and her offspring.

He will strike\* your head, and you will strike his heel."

#### INSIGHT

#### Prophecy of Messiah 3:15

From ancient times, Jewish rabbis interpreted this "offspring" of the woman to be the Messiah, Hebrew for "the Anointed One." While Satan would inflict a nonlethal blow on him, he would deliver a mortal blow to Satan. When Satan brought about the crucifixion of Jesus the Messiah, he sought to nullify this prophecy. Instead, the prophecy was fulfilled; God prevailed and Jesus conquered death (see Colossians 2:15). Revelation 20:7-10 predicts the ultimate blow to Satan's head, when God will destroy him, and Jesus the Messiah will reign forever.

<sup>16</sup>Then he said to the woman,

"I will sharpen the pain of your pregnancy, and in pain you will give birth. And you will desire to control your husband,

but he will rule over you.\*"

<sup>17</sup>And to the man he said,

"Since you listened to your wife and ate from the tree

whose fruit I commanded you not to eat,

the ground is cursed because of you. All your life you will struggle to scratch a living from it.

18 It will grow thorns and thistles for you, though you will eat of its grains.

<sup>19</sup> By the sweat of your brow will you have food to eat until you return to the ground from which you were made. For you were made from dust, and to dust you will return."

<sup>20</sup>Then the man—Adam—named his wife Eve, because she would be the mother of all who live.\* <sup>21</sup>And the Lord God made clothing from animal skins for Adam and his wife.

<sup>22</sup>Then the LORD God said, "Look, the human beings\* have become like us, knowing both good and evil. What if they reach out, take fruit from the tree of life, and eat it? Then they will live forever!" <sup>23</sup>So the LORD God banished them from the Garden of Eden, and he sent Adam out to cultivate the ground from which he had been made. <sup>24</sup>After sending them out, the LORD God stationed mighty cherubim to the east of the Garden of Eden. And he placed a flaming sword that flashed back and forth to guard the way to the tree of life.

#### CHAPTER 4

Now Adam\* had sexual relations with his wife, Eve, and she became pregnant. When she gave birth to Cain, she said, "With the LORD's help, I have produced\* a man!" <sup>2</sup> Later she gave birth to his brother and named him Abel.

When they grew up, Abel became a shepherd, while Cain cultivated the ground. <sup>3</sup>When it was time for the harvest, Cain presented some of his crops as a gift to the LORD. <sup>4</sup>Abel also brought a gift—the best of the firstborn lambs from his flock. The LORD accepted Abel and his gift, <sup>5</sup>but he did not accept Cain and his gift. This made Cain very angry, and he looked dejected.

6"Why are you so angry?" the LORD asked Cain. "Why do you look so dejected? <sup>7</sup>You will be accepted if you do what is right. But if you refuse to do what is right, then watch out! Sin is crouching at the door, eager to control you. But you must subdue it and be its master."

<sup>8</sup>One day Cain suggested to his brother, "Let's go out into the fields."\* And while they were in the field, Cain attacked his brother, Abel, and killed him.

<sup>9</sup>Afterward the LORD asked Cain, "Where is your brother? Where is Abel?"

"I don't know," Cain responded. "Am I my brother's guardian?"

<sup>10</sup>But the LORD said, "What have you done? Listen! Your brother's blood cries out to me from the ground! <sup>11</sup>Now you are cursed and banished from the ground, which has swallowed your brother's blood. <sup>12</sup>No longer will the ground yield good crops for you, no matter how hard you work! From now on you will be a homeless wanderer on the earth."

<sup>13</sup>Cain replied to the Lord, "My punishment\* is too great for me to bear! <sup>14</sup>You have banished me from the land and from your presence; you have made me a homeless wanderer. Anyone who finds me will kill me!"

<sup>15</sup>The LORD replied, "No, for I will give a sevenfold punishment to anyone who kills you." Then the LORD put a mark on Cain to warn anyone who might try to kill him. <sup>16</sup>So Cain left the LORD's presence and settled in the land of Nod,\* east of Eden.

<sup>17</sup>Cain had sexual relations with his wife, and she became pregnant and gave birth to Enoch. Then Cain founded a city, which he named Enoch, after his son. <sup>18</sup>Enoch had a son named Irad. Irad became the father of\*

#### MY DAILY WALK

Satan is masterful at taking a blessing of God and turning it into something that brings a curse instead. If given the chance, he'll convince you to seek the pleasures of sex outside the bonds of marriage; to exchange the worship of the Creator for the worship of the creation; to substitute what is convenient for what is obedient. The temptation will be cunning, the promise inviting. But as Adam and Eve discovered, the painful consequences will far outweigh the temporary pleasures.

For many Christians, resisting temptation is difficult because they don't want to discourage it completely. God has promised to provide a way out (1 Corinthians 10:13), but that doesn't help if you keep leaving a forwarding address. Write the references of James 4:7 and 2 Timothy 2:22 in the margin next to Genesis 3. Look them up, read them twice, take them to heart.



SATAN, LIKE A FISHERMAN, BAITS HIS HOOK ACCORDING TO THE APPETITE OF THE FISH.

Mehujael. Mehujael became the father of Methushael. Methushael became the father of Lamech.

<sup>19</sup>Lamech married two women. The first was named Adah, and the second was Zillah. <sup>20</sup>Adah gave birth to Jabal, who was the first of those who raise livestock and live in tents. <sup>21</sup>His brother's name was Jubal, the first of all who play the harp and flute. <sup>22</sup>Lamech's other wife, Zillah, gave birth to a son named Tubal-cain. He became an expert in forging tools of bronze and iron. Tubal-cain had a sister named Naamah. <sup>23</sup>One day Lamech said to his wives,

"Adah and Zillah, hear my voice; listen to me, you wives of Lamech. I have killed a man who attacked me, a young man who wounded me. 24 If someone who kills Cain is punished seven times,

then the one who kills me will be punished seventy-seven times!"

<sup>25</sup>Adam had sexual relations with his wife again, and she gave birth to another son. She named him Seth,\* for she said, "God has granted me another son in place of Abel, whom Cain killed." <sup>26</sup>When Seth grew up, he had a son and named him Enosh. At that time people first began to worship the LORD by name.

#### CHAPTER 5

This is the written account of the descendants of Adam. When God created human beings,\* he made them to be like himself. <sup>2</sup>He created them male and female, and he blessed them and called them "human."

- <sup>3</sup>When Adam was 130 years old, he became the father of a son who was just like him—in his very image. He named his son Seth. <sup>4</sup>After the birth of Seth, Adam lived another 800 years, and he had other sons and daughters. <sup>5</sup>Adam lived 930 years, and then he died.
- <sup>6</sup>When Seth was 105 years old, he became the father of\* Enosh. <sup>7</sup>After the birth of\* Enosh, Seth lived another 807 years, and he had other sons and daughters. <sup>8</sup>Seth lived 912 years, and then he died.
- <sup>9</sup>When Enosh was 90 years old, he became the father of Kenan. <sup>10</sup>After the birth of Kenan, Enosh lived another 815 years, and he had other sons and daughters. <sup>11</sup>Enosh lived 905 years, and then he died.
- <sup>12</sup>When Kenan was 70 years old, he became the father of Mahalalel. <sup>13</sup> After the birth of Mahalalel, Kenan lived another 840 years, and he had other

- sons and daughters. <sup>14</sup>Kenan lived 910 years, and then he died.
- <sup>15</sup> When Mahalalel was 65 years old, he became the father of Jared. <sup>16</sup> After the birth of Jared, Mahalalel lived another 830 years, and he had other sons and daughters. <sup>17</sup> Mahalalel lived 895 years, and then he died.
- <sup>18</sup> When Jared was 162 years old, he became the father of Enoch. <sup>19</sup> After the birth of Enoch, Jared lived another 800 years, and he had other sons and daughters. <sup>20</sup> Jared lived 962 years, and then he died.
- <sup>21</sup>When Enoch was 65 years old, he became the father of Methuselah.
  <sup>22</sup>After the birth of Methuselah, Enoch lived in close fellowship with God for another 300 years, and he had other sons and daughters.
  <sup>23</sup>Enoch lived 365 years, <sup>24</sup>walking in close fellowship with God. Then one day he disappeared, because God took him.
- <sup>25</sup>When Methuselah was 187 years old, he became the father of Lamech. <sup>26</sup>After the birth of Lamech, Methuselah lived another 782 years, and he had other sons and daughters. <sup>27</sup>Methuselah lived 969 years, and then he died.
- <sup>28</sup>When Lamech was 182 years old, he became the father of a son. <sup>29</sup>Lamech named his son Noah, for he said, "May he bring us relief\* from our work and the painful labor of farming this ground that the Lord has cursed." <sup>30</sup>After the birth of Noah, Lamech lived another 595 years, and he had other sons and daughters. <sup>31</sup>Lamech lived 777 years, and then he died.
- <sup>32</sup> By the time Noah was 500 years old, he was the father of Shem, Ham, and Japheth.

<sup>4:25</sup> Seth probably means "granted"; the name may also mean "appointed." 5:1 Or man; Hebrew reads adam; similarly in 5:2. 5:6 Or the ancestor of; also in 5:9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 25. 5:7 Or the birth of this ancestor of; also in 5:10, 13, 16, 19, 22, 26. 5:29 Noah sounds like a Hebrew term that can mean "relief" or "comfort."

#### 

 chapter 6
 chapter 7
 chapter 8
 chapter 9

 Humankind's corruption
 God's condemnation Executed | Ended Covenant
 God's covenant

 Building the boat
 Riding in the boat
 Rainbow in the sky

**OVERVIEW** As the generations begin to multiply on the face of the earth, the world's population greatly increases . . . and so does the world's wickedness. Heartbroken, God prepares to destroy all living things—but one man and his family find favor with God (6:5-8). Noah obediently undertakes a century-long shipbuilding project in preparation for saving his believing family. As the floodwaters rise, Noah's eight-member family rides high in God's loving protection.

#### CHAPTER 6

Then the people began to multiply on the earth, and daughters were born to them. <sup>2</sup>The sons of God saw the beautiful women\* and took any they wanted as their wives. <sup>3</sup>Then the LORD said, "My Spirit will not put up with\* humans for such a long time, for they are only mortal flesh. In the future, their normal lifespan will be no more than 120 years."

4In those days, and for some time after, giant Nephilites lived on the earth, for whenever the sons of God had intercourse with women, they gave birth to children who became the heroes and famous warriors of ancient times.

<sup>5</sup>The Lord observed the extent of human wickedness on the earth, and he saw that everything they thought or imagined was consistently and totally evil. <sup>6</sup>So the Lord was sorry he had ever made them and put them on the earth. It broke his heart. <sup>7</sup>And the Lord said, "I will wipe this human race I have created from the face of the earth. Yes, and I will destroy every living thing—all the people, the large animals, the small animals that scurry along the ground, and even the birds of the sky. I am sorry I ever made them." <sup>8</sup>But Noah found favor with the Lord.

<sup>9</sup>This is the account of Noah and his family. Noah was a righteous man, the only

blameless person living on earth at the time, and he walked in close fellowship with God. <sup>10</sup>Noah was the father of three sons: Shem, Ham, and Japheth.

<sup>11</sup>Now God saw that the earth had become corrupt and was filled with violence. <sup>12</sup>God observed all this corruption in the world, for everyone on earth was corrupt. <sup>13</sup>So God said to Noah, "I have decided to destroy all living creatures, for they have filled the earth with violence. Yes, I will wipe them all out along with the earth!

<sup>14</sup>"Build a large boat\* from cypress wood\* and waterproof it with tar, inside and out. Then construct decks and stalls throughout its interior. <sup>15</sup>Make the boat 450 feet long, 75 feet wide, and 45 feet high.\* <sup>16</sup>Leave an 18-inch opening\* below the roof all the way around the boat. Put the door on the side, and build three decks inside the boat—lower, middle, and upper.

<sup>17</sup>"Look! I am about to cover the earth with a flood that will destroy every living thing that breathes. Everything on earth will die. <sup>18</sup>But I will confirm my covenant with you. So enter the boat—you and your wife and your sons and their wives. <sup>19</sup>Bring a pair of every kind of animal—a male and a female—into the boat with you to keep them alive during the flood. <sup>20</sup>Pairs of every kind of bird, and every kind of animal, and

#### INSIGHT

### Water, Water, Everywhere . . . and Very Little Else 7:20

In the account of the Flood, you will find phrases such as "the floodwaters grew deeper" (7:17), and "the waters rose higher and higher" (7:18). God wanted to make it clear that this was no ordinary flood and that his promise to destroy "all the living things I have created" (7:4) was no idle threat.

every kind of small animal that scurries along the ground, will come to you to be kept alive. <sup>21</sup>And be sure to take on board enough food for your family and for all the animals."

<sup>22</sup>So Noah did everything exactly as God had commanded him.

#### CHAPTER 7

When everything was ready, the LORD said to Noah, "Go into the boat with all your family, for among all the people of the earth, I can see that you alone are righteous. <sup>2</sup>Take with you seven pairs—male and female—of each animal I have approved for eating and for sacrifice,\* and take one pair of each of the others. <sup>3</sup>Also take seven pairs of every kind of bird. There must be a male and a female in each pair to ensure that all life will survive on the earth after the flood. <sup>4</sup>Seven days from now I will make the rains pour down on the earth. And it will rain for forty days and forty nights, until I have wiped from the earth all the living things I have created."

<sup>5</sup>So Noah did everything as the LORD commanded him.

<sup>6</sup>Noah was 600 years old when the flood covered the earth. <sup>7</sup>He went on board the boat to escape the flood—he and his wife and his sons and their wives. <sup>8</sup>With them were all the various kinds of animals—those approved for eating and for sacrifice and those that were not—along with all the birds and the small animals that scurry along the ground. <sup>9</sup>They entered the boat in pairs, male and female, just as God had commanded Noah. <sup>10</sup>After seven days, the waters of the flood came and covered the earth.

<sup>11</sup>When Noah was 600 years old, on the seventeenth day of the second month, all the underground waters erupted from the earth, and the rain fell in mighty torrents from the sky. <sup>12</sup>The rain continued to fall for forty days and forty nights.

<sup>13</sup>That very day Noah had gone into the boat with his wife and his sons—Shem, Ham, and Japheth—and their wives. <sup>14</sup>With them in the boat were pairs of every kind of animal—domestic and wild, large and small—along with birds of every kind. <sup>15</sup>Two by two they came into the boat, representing every living thing that breathes. <sup>16</sup>A male and female of each kind entered, just as God had commanded Noah. Then the LORD closed the door behind them.

<sup>17</sup>For forty days the floodwaters grew deeper, covering the ground and lifting the boat high above the earth. 18 As the waters rose higher and higher above the ground, the boat floated safely on the surface. <sup>19</sup>Finally, the water covered even the highest mountains on the earth, 20 rising more than twenty-two feet\* above the highest peaks. 21 All the living things on earth died-birds, domestic animals, wild animals, small animals that scurry along the ground, and all the people. <sup>22</sup> Everything that breathed and lived on dry land died. <sup>23</sup>God wiped out every living thing on the earth—people, livestock, small animals that scurry along the ground, and the birds of the sky. All were destroyed. The only people who survived were Noah and those with him in the boat. 24 And the floodwaters covered the earth for 150 days.

#### INSIGHT

#### Savior and Judge 8:21

In Matthew 24:37-39, Jesus compares Noah's generation to the generation that will be alive when he returns to judge the earth. In both instances, the sinful behaviors of human beings are so utterly corrupt that judgment must come. And in both instances, God comes as Savior of the faithful at the same time he comes as Judge of the faithless.

#### CHAPTER 8

But God remembered Noah and all the wild animals and livestock with him in the boat. He sent a wind to blow across the earth, and the floodwaters began to recede. <sup>2</sup>The underground waters stopped flowing, and the torrential rains from the sky were stopped. <sup>3</sup>So the floodwaters gradually receded from the earth. After 150 days, <sup>4</sup>exactly five months from the time the flood began,\* the boat came to rest on the mountains of Ararat. <sup>5</sup>Two and a half months later,\* as the waters continued to go down, other mountain peaks became visible.

<sup>6</sup>After another forty days, Noah opened the window he had made in the boat 7 and released a rayen. The bird flew back and forth until the floodwaters on the earth had dried up. 8He also released a dove to see if the water had receded and it could find dry ground. <sup>9</sup>But the dove could find no place to land because the water still covered the ground. So it returned to the boat, and Noah held out his hand and drew the dove back inside. 10 After waiting another seven days, Noah released the dove again. 11 This time the dove returned to him in the evening with a fresh olive leaf in its beak. Then Noah knew that the floodwaters were almost gone. 12He waited another seven days and then released the dove again. This time it did not come back.

<sup>13</sup>Noah was now 601 years old. On the first day of the new year, ten and a half months after the flood began,\* the floodwaters had almost dried up from the earth. Noah lifted back the covering of the boat and saw that the surface of the ground was drying. <sup>14</sup>Two more months went by,\* and at last the earth was dry!

<sup>15</sup>Then God said to Noah, <sup>16</sup>"Leave the boat, all of you—you and your wife, and your sons and their wives. <sup>17</sup>Release all the animals—the birds, the livestock, and the small animals that scurry along the ground—so they can be fruitful and multiply throughout the earth."

<sup>18</sup>So Noah, his wife, and his sons and their wives left the boat. <sup>19</sup>And all of the large and small animals and birds came out of the boat, pair by pair.

#### MY DAILY WALK

When God repeats a promise, you can be absolutely sure it isn't because he has a problem keeping it.

Is God trustworthy? Does he keep his word? Noah must have wrestled with such questions, for his very life depended on God's promises. Spend a few minutes evaluating God's "record" of promise keeping:

"I will make the rains pour down . . . for forty days and forty nights" (7:4). Yes or no?

"I [will wipe] from the earth all the living things I have created" (7:4). Yes or no?

"I will never again curse the ground" (8:21). Yes or no?

"I will remember my covenant" (9:15). Yes or no?

The rainbow in the sky (9:12-16) is God's eternal reminder that he will never repeat the watery horror of Noah's day. Keep an eye out for rainbows. Let each one remind you that God has been absolutely faithful to his promise to Noah—and you can count on his faithfulness, too.



GOD MAY NOT PROMISE A COMFORTABLE JOURNEY, BUT HE DOES GUARANTEE A SAFE LANDING.

<sup>20</sup>Then Noah built an altar to the Lord, and there he sacrificed as burnt offerings the animals and birds that had been approved for that purpose.\* <sup>21</sup>And the Lord was pleased with the aroma of the sacrifice and said to himself, "I will never again curse the ground because of the human race, even though everything they think or imagine is bent toward evil from childhood. I will never again destroy all living things. <sup>22</sup>As long as the earth remains, there will be planting and harvest, cold and heat, summer and winter, day and night."

#### CHAPTER 9

Then God blessed Noah and his sons and told them, "Be fruitful and multiply. Fill the earth. <sup>2</sup>All the animals of the earth, all the birds of the sky, all the small animals that scurry along the ground, and all the fish in the sea will look on you with fear and terror. I have placed them in your power. <sup>3</sup>I have given them to you for food, just as I have given you grain and vegetables. <sup>4</sup>But you must never eat any meat that still has the lifeblood in it.

5"And I will require the blood of anyone who takes another person's life. If a wild animal kills a person, it must die. And anyone who murders a fellow human must die. 6If anyone takes a human life, that person's life will also be taken by human hands. For God made human beings\* in his own image. 7Now be fruitful and multiply, and repopulate the earth."

<sup>8</sup>Then God told Noah and his sons, <sup>9</sup>"I hereby confirm my covenant with you and your descendants, <sup>10</sup>and with all the animals that were on the boat with you—the birds, the livestock, and all the wild animals—every living creature on earth. <sup>11</sup>Yes, I am confirming my covenant with you. Never again will floodwaters kill all living creatures; never again will a flood destroy the earth."

<sup>12</sup>Then God said, "I am giving you a sign of my covenant with you and with all living creatures, for all generations to come. <sup>13</sup>I have placed my rainbow in the clouds. It is the sign of my covenant with you and with all the earth. <sup>14</sup>When I send clouds over the earth, the rainbow will appear in the clouds, <sup>15</sup> and I will remember my covenant with you and with all living creatures. Never again will the floodwaters destroy all life. <sup>16</sup>When I see the rainbow in the clouds, I

will remember the eternal covenant between God and every living creature on earth." <sup>17</sup>Then God said to Noah, "Yes, this rainbow is the sign of the covenant I am confirming with all the creatures on earth."

<sup>18</sup>The sons of Noah who came out of the boat with their father were Shem, Ham, and Japheth. (Ham is the father of Canaan.) <sup>19</sup>From these three sons of Noah came all the people who now populate the earth.

<sup>20</sup> After the flood, Noah began to cultivate the ground, and he planted a vineyard. <sup>21</sup> One day he drank some wine he had made, and he became drunk and lay naked inside his tent. <sup>22</sup> Ham, the father of Canaan, saw that his father was naked and went outside and told his brothers. <sup>23</sup> Then Shem and Japheth took a robe, held it over their shoulders, and backed into the tent to cover their father. As they did this, they looked the other way so they would not see him naked.

<sup>24</sup>When Noah woke up from his stupor, he learned what Ham, his youngest son, had done. <sup>25</sup>Then he cursed Canaan, the son of Ham:

"May Canaan be cursed!

May he be the lowest of servants to his relatives."

<sup>26</sup>Then Noah said,

"May the LORD, the God of Shem, be blessed,

and may Canaan be his servant!

May God expand the territory of
Japheth!

May Japheth share the prosperity of Shem,\*

and may Canaan be his servant."

<sup>28</sup> Noah lived another 350 years after the great flood. <sup>29</sup>He lived 950 years, and then he died.

#### 

### Construction and Confusion GENESIS 10-11

	chapter 10		chapt	ter 11
	Table of nation	S	Tower o	of Babel
Japheth 1-5	Ham 6-20	Shem 21-32	God's judgment 1-9	Shem's genealogy 10-32
0r	Origin of the nations		Dispersion of the nations	

**OVERVIEW** Starting with Noah and his three sons, God begins to repopulate the world. But since the root of sin has not been removed, the fruit of sin soon becomes apparent again in proud, disobedient actions. As Noah's descendants seek to build "a great city... with a tower that reaches into the sky" (11:4), God brings the project to a halt by confusing their speech, causing them to disperse over the face of the earth—precisely as God had originally commanded (9:1).

#### CHAPTER 10

This is the account of the families of Shem, Ham, and Japheth, the three sons of Noah. Many children were born to them after the great flood.

- <sup>2</sup>The descendants of Japheth were Gomer, Magog, Madai, Javan, Tubal, Meshech, and Tiras.
- <sup>3</sup>The descendants of Gomer were Ashkenaz, Riphath, and Togarmah.
- <sup>4</sup>The descendants of Javan were Elishah, Tarshish, Kittim, and Rodanim.\* <sup>5</sup>Their descendants became the seafaring peoples that spread out to various lands, each identified by its own language, clan, and national identity.
- <sup>6</sup>The descendants of Ham were Cush, Mizraim, Put, and Canaan.
- <sup>7</sup>The descendants of Cush were Seba, Havilah, Sabtah, Raamah, and Sabteca. The descendants of Raamah were Sheba and Dedan.

<sup>8</sup>Cush was also the ancestor of Nimrod, who was the first heroic warrior on earth. <sup>9</sup>Since he was the greatest hunter in the world,\* his name became proverbial. People would say, "This man is like Nimrod, the greatest hunter in the world." <sup>10</sup>He built his

- kingdom in the land of Babylonia,\* with the cities of Babylon, Erech, Akkad, and Calneh. <sup>11</sup>From there he expanded his territory to Assyria,\* building the cities of Nineveh, Rehoboth-ir, Calah, <sup>12</sup>and Resen (the great city located between Nineveh and Calah).
- <sup>13</sup> Mizraim was the ancestor of the Ludites, Anamites, Lehabites, Naphtuhites, <sup>14</sup> Pathrusites, Casluhites, and the Caphtorites, from whom the Philistines came \*
- <sup>15</sup> Canaan's oldest son was Sidon, the ancestor of the Sidonians. Canaan was also the ancestor of the Hittites,
   <sup>16</sup> Jebusites, Amorites, Girgashites,
   <sup>17</sup> Hivites, Arkites, Sinites,
   <sup>18</sup> Arvadites, Zemarites, and Hamathites. The Canaanite clans eventually spread out,
   <sup>19</sup> and the territory of Canaan extended from Sidon in the north to Gerar and Gaza in the south, and east as far as Sodom, Gomorrah, Admah, and Zeboiim, near Lasha.
- <sup>20</sup>These were the descendants of Ham, identified by clan, language, territory, and national identity.
- <sup>21</sup>Sons were also born to Shem, the older brother of Japheth.\* Shem was the ancestor of all the descendants of Eber.

#### INSIGHT

The Funnel of History 10:1–11:32 Genesis 10–11 is packed with historical data that reveals how the nations spread out over the earth in the first centuries after their language was supernaturally "confused" at Babel. The record narrows to focus on Abram, whose family would become the conduit of God's revelation to humankind and who became the forefather of the Messiah.

- <sup>22</sup>The descendants of Shem were Elam, Asshur, Arphaxad, Lud, and Aram.
- <sup>23</sup>The descendants of Aram were Uz, Hul, Gether, and Mash.
- <sup>24</sup>Arphaxad was the father of Shelah,\* and Shelah was the father of Eber.
- <sup>25</sup>Eber had two sons. The first was named Peleg (which means "division"), for during his lifetime the people of the world were divided into different language groups. His brother's name was Joktan.
- <sup>26</sup> Joktan was the ancestor of Almodad, Sheleph, Hazarmaveth, Jerah, <sup>27</sup> Hadoram, Uzal, Diklah, <sup>28</sup> Obal, Abimael, Sheba, <sup>29</sup> Ophir, Havilah, and Jobab. All these were descendants of Joktan. <sup>30</sup> The territory they occupied extended from Mesha all the way to Sephar in the eastern mountains.
- <sup>31</sup>These were the descendants of Shem, identified by clan, language, territory, and national identity.

<sup>32</sup>These are the clans that descended from Noah's sons, arranged by nation according to their lines of descent. All the nations of the earth descended from these clans after the great flood.

#### CHAPTER 11

At one time all the people of the world spoke the same language and used the same words. <sup>2</sup>As the people migrated to the east, they found a plain in the land of Babylonia\* and settled there. <sup>3</sup>They began saying to each other, "Let's make bricks and harden them with fire." (In this region bricks were used instead of stone, and tar was used for mortar.) <sup>4</sup>Then they said, "Come, let's build a great city for ourselves with a tower that reaches into the sky. This will make us famous and keep us from being scattered all over the world."

<sup>5</sup>But the LORD came down to look at the city and the tower the people were building. <sup>6</sup>"Look!" he said. "The people are united, and they all speak the same language. After this, nothing they set out to do will be impossible for them! <sup>7</sup>Come, let's go down and confuse the people with different languages. Then they won't be able to understand each other."

<sup>8</sup>In that way, the LORD scattered them all over the world, and they stopped building the city. <sup>9</sup>That is why the city was called Babel,\* because that is where the LORD confused the people with different languages. In this way he scattered them all over the world.

<sup>10</sup>This is the account of Shem's family.

- Two years after the great flood, when Shem was 100 years old, he became the father of\* Arphaxad. <sup>11</sup>After the birth of\* Arphaxad, Shem lived another 500 years and had other sons and daughters.
- <sup>12</sup>When Arphaxad was 35 years old, he became the father of Shelah. <sup>13</sup>After the birth of Shelah, Arphaxad lived another 403 years and had other sons and daughters.\*

#### INSIGHT

Looking Up or Looking Down? 11:5
The Babel builders were proud of the mighty tower they thought would reach up to the skies (11:4). To them, it was a great architectural and spiritual achievement. But from God's viewpoint (11:5), he had to "come down" to even see it. Humanity's pinnacles are always most accurately assessed from a God's-eye view.

<sup>14</sup>When Shelah was 30 years old, he became the father of Eber. <sup>15</sup> After the birth of Eber, Shelah lived another 403 years and had other sons and daughters.

<sup>16</sup>When Eber was 34 years old, he became the father of Peleg. <sup>17</sup>After the birth of Peleg, Eber lived another 430 years and had other sons and daughters.

<sup>18</sup>When Peleg was 30 years old, he became the father of Reu. <sup>19</sup>After the birth of Reu, Peleg lived another 209 years and had other sons and daughters.

<sup>20</sup>When Reu was 32 years old, he became the father of Serug. <sup>21</sup>After the birth of Serug, Reu lived another 207 years and had other sons and daughters.

<sup>22</sup>When Serug was 30 years old, he became the father of Nahor. <sup>23</sup>After the birth of Nahor, Serug lived another 200 years and had other sons and daughters.

<sup>24</sup>When Nahor was 29 years old, he became the father of Terah. <sup>25</sup>After the birth of Terah, Nahor lived another 119 years and had other sons and daughters.

<sup>26</sup>When Terah was 70 years old, he had become the father of Abram, Nahor, and Haran

<sup>27</sup>This is the account of Terah's family. Terah was the father of Abram, Nahor, and Haran; and Haran was the father of Lot. <sup>28</sup>But Haran died in Ur of the Chaldeans, the land of his birth, while his father, Terah, was still living. <sup>29</sup>Meanwhile, Abram and Nahor both married. The name of Abram's wife was Sarai, and the name of Nahor's wife was Milcah. (Milcah and her sister Iscah were daughters of Nahor's brother Haran.) <sup>30</sup>But Sarai was unable to become pregnant and had no children.

<sup>31</sup>One day Terah took his son Abram, his daughter-in-law Sarai (his son Abram's wife), and his grandson Lot (his son Haran's child) and moved away from Ur of the Chaldeans.

MY DAILY WALK

Even on television the sight is impressive. Delegates from around the world meet in the United Nations General Assembly to discuss solutions to international problems. Most wear headsets through which they hear the speaker's words translated into their own language—a reminder of the barriers that divide humanity even as they work together to bring unity.

Centuries ago, humanity rebelled against God. Genesis 11 paints a pathetic picture of disoriented people separating from one another in distrust and bewilderment. But that scene is not so far removed from today's world. The Babel of the ancient world foreshadows our current situation. Languages still divide; people are still distrusful of and perplexed by one another. God's solution for humanity's chaos is still the same: the good news of sins forgiven in Jesus Christ. No doubt you've shared this with someone in English; have you ever shared it with someone who speaks a different language? If you have the opportunity to befriend someone from a culture different from yours, check out your local Christian bookstore's supply of books and Scripture portions in his or her language.



THE BEST WAY TO PUT AN IDEA ACROSS IS TO WRAP IT UP IN A PERSON.

He was headed for the land of Canaan, but they stopped at Haran and settled there. <sup>32</sup>Terah lived for 205 years\* and died while still in Haran.

# \*\*NALK 5.....JANUARY 5 Abram's Call and God's Promises GENESIS 12-14

# Chapter 12 Chapter 13 Chapter 14 Abram in Ur Abram in Egypt Abram Lot 1-9 10-20 in Canaan in danger Calling Compromising Choosing Conquering

**OVERVIEW** Having dealt with rebellious people for generations, God now begins to unfold his great plan of redemption—a plan beginning with one man, Abram. God calls Abram to leave his home in Ur of the Chaldeans and travel to a distant but unspecified new land. Responding in faith, Abram obeys with nothing to cling to but the promises of God—promises of a great name, a great nation, and a great blessing for all people. The journey is not without its moments of danger, as seen in the life of Lot. But through it all, Abram dares to believe God for what seems impossible, given his childless condition.

#### CHAPTER 12

The LORD had said to Abram, "Leave your native country, your relatives, and your father's family, and go to the land that I will show you. <sup>2</sup>I will make you into a great nation. I will bless you and make you famous, and you will be a blessing to others. <sup>3</sup>I will bless those who bless you and curse those who treat you with contempt. All the families on earth will be blessed through you."

#### INCICHT

#### Promises, Promises 12:7

In Genesis 12:2-3, 7, we have a record of eight profound, world-changing promises that God made to Abram (later called Abraham). In Galatians 3:29, the apostle Paul explained that if "you belong to Christ, you are the true children of Abraham. You are his heirs, and God's promise to Abraham belongs to you."

4So Abram departed as the LORD had instructed, and Lot went with him. Abram was seventy-five years old when he left Haran. 5He took his wife, Sarai, his nephew Lot, and all his wealth—his livestock and all the people he had taken into his household at Haran—and headed for the land of Canaan. When they arrived in Canaan, 6Abram traveled through the land as far as Shechem.

There he set up camp beside the oak of Moreh. At that time, the area was inhabited by Canaanites.

<sup>7</sup>Then the LORD appeared to Abram and said, "I will give this land to your descendants.\*" And Abram built an altar there and dedicated it to the LORD, who had appeared to him. <sup>8</sup>After that, Abram traveled south and set up camp in the hill country, with Bethel to the west and Ai to the east. There he built another altar and dedicated it to the LORD, and he worshiped the LORD. <sup>9</sup>Then Abram continued traveling south by stages toward the Negev.

<sup>10</sup> At that time a severe famine struck the land of Canaan, forcing Abram to go down to Egypt, where he lived as a foreigner. <sup>11</sup> As he was approaching the border of Egypt, Abram said to his wife, Sarai, "Look, you are a very beautiful woman. <sup>12</sup> When the Egyptians see you, they will say, 'This is his wife. Let's kill him; then we can have her!' <sup>13</sup> So please tell them you are my sister. Then they will spare my life and treat me well because of their interest in you."

<sup>14</sup>And sure enough, when Abram arrived in Egypt, everyone spoke of Sarai's beauty. <sup>15</sup>When the palace officials saw her, they sang her praises to Pharaoh, their king, and Sarai was taken into his palace. <sup>16</sup>Then Pharaoh gave Abram many gifts because of hersheep, goats, cattle, male and female donkeys, male and female servants, and camels.

<sup>17</sup>But the Lord sent terrible plagues upon Pharaoh and his household because of Sarai, Abram's wife. <sup>18</sup>So Pharaoh summoned Abram and accused him sharply. "What have you done to me?" he demanded. "Why didn't you tell me she was your wife? <sup>19</sup>Why did you say, 'She is my sister,' and allow me to take her as my wife? Now then, here is your wife. Take her and get out of here!" <sup>20</sup>Pharaoh ordered some of his men to escort them, and he sent Abram out of the country, along with his wife and all his possessions.

#### CHAPTER 13

So Abram left Egypt and traveled north into the Negev, along with his wife and Lot and all that they owned. <sup>2</sup>(Abram was very rich in livestock, silver, and gold.) <sup>3</sup> From the Negev, they continued traveling by stages toward Bethel, and they pitched their tents between Bethel and Ai, where they had camped before. <sup>4</sup>This was the same place where Abram had built the altar, and there he worshiped the Lord again.

<sup>5</sup>Lot, who was traveling with Abram, had also become very wealthy with flocks of sheep and goats, herds of cattle, and many tents. <sup>6</sup>But the land could not support both Abram and Lot with all their flocks and herds living so close together. <sup>7</sup>So disputes broke out between the herdsmen of Abram and Lot. (At that time Canaanites and Perizzites were also living in the land.)

<sup>8</sup>Finally Abram said to Lot, "Let's not allow this conflict to come between us or our herdsmen. After all, we are close relatives! <sup>9</sup>The whole countryside is open to you. Take your choice of any section of the land you

#### INSIGHT

#### The True Test of Values 13:15

Lot's choice of the well-watered plains of the Jordan was the beginning of his downfall, for it caused him to pitch his tent toward the wicked city of Sodom. By contrast, Abram was building his life on the promises of God. Lot chose for himself (13:11); Abram allowed God to choose for him (13:14-15).

#### MY DAILY WALK

How long have you lived in your present home? If your answer is less than three years, you are a typical American family.

Genesis 12:1-4 describes a similar "moving experience"—a God-fearing family obeys the voice of God, pulls up stakes in Ur, and heads for a new home more than a thousand miles away. But Hebrews 11:8 explains why this was no ordinary move. "Abraham . . . went without knowing where he was going." The command of God was clear, but the destination was not. That's faiththe kind that pleases God (Hebrews 11:6) and the kind God wants you to exercise today in similar situations. Abram (later called Abraham) found that you don't always need to know where you're going, provided you know whom you're following.

Discuss with family or friends a decision you are facing involving career, home, or finances—and the way Abram's example can make your decision easier. Then memorize this verse together: "Abram believed the LORD, and the LORD counted him as righteous because of his faith" (15:6).



THE EVIDENCE OF KNOWING GOD IS OBEYING GOD.

want, and we will separate. If you want the land to the left, then I'll take the land on the right. If you prefer the land on the right, then I'll go to the left."

<sup>10</sup>Lot took a long look at the fertile plains of the Jordan Valley in the direction of Zoar. The whole area was well watered everywhere, like the garden of the Lord or the beautiful land of Egypt. (This was before the Lord destroyed Sodom and Gomorrah.) <sup>11</sup>Lot chose for himself the whole Jordan Valley to the east of them. He went there with his flocks and servants and parted company with his uncle Abram. <sup>12</sup>So Abram settled in the land of Canaan, and Lot moved his tents

to a place near Sodom and settled among the cities of the plain. 13 But the people of this area were extremely wicked and constantly sinned against the LORD.

14 After Lot had gone, the Lord said to Abram, "Look as far as you can see in every direction—north and south, east and west. <sup>15</sup>I am giving all this land, as far as you can see, to you and your descendants\* as a permanent possession. 16 And I will give you so many descendants that, like the dust of the earth, they cannot be counted! 17Go and walk through the land in every direction, for I am giving it to you."

<sup>18</sup>So Abram moved his camp to Hebron and settled near the oak grove belonging to Mamre. There he built another altar to the LORD.

#### CHAPTER 14

About this time war broke out in the region. King Amraphel of Babylonia,\* King Arioch of Ellasar, King Kedorlaomer of Elam, and King Tidal of Goiim 2 fought against King Bera of Sodom, King Birsha of Gomorrah, King Shinab of Admah, King Shemeber of Zeboiim, and the king of Bela (also called Zoar).

<sup>3</sup>This second group of kings joined forces in Siddim Valley (that is, the valley of the Dead Sea\*). 4For twelve years they had been subject to King Kedorlaomer, but in the thirteenth year they rebelled against him.

One year later Kedorlaomer and his allies arrived and defeated the Rephaites at Ashteroth-karnaim, the Zuzites at Ham, the

Majestic, Mysterious King 14:20 Melchizedek is the king of Salem and a priest of God Most High. His name means "king of justice." After Abraham defeated the kings, Melchizedek brought him bread and wine and blessed him. This prefigures a time when another king and priest, the Messiah, would come to meet his people, the spiritual descendants of Abraham. He blesses us with bread and wine, his body and blood, and will feast with us in his Father's Kingdom.

Emites at Shaveh-kiriathaim, fand the Horites at Mount Seir, as far as El-paran at the edge of the wilderness. 7Then they turned back and came to En-mishpat (now called Kadesh) and conquered all the territory of the Amalekites, and also the Amorites living in Hazazon-tamar.

8Then the rebel kings of Sodom, Gomorrah, Admah, Zeboiim, and Bela (also called Zoar) prepared for battle in the valley of the Dead Sea.\* 9They fought against King Kedorlaomer of Elam, King Tidal of Goiim, King Amraphel of Babylonia, and King Arioch of Ellasar—four kings against five. 10 As it happened, the valley of the Dead Sea was filled with tar pits. And as the army of the kings of Sodom and Gomorrah fled, some fell into the tar pits, while the rest escaped into the mountains. 11The victorious invaders then plundered Sodom and Gomorrah and headed for home, taking with them all the spoils of war and the food supplies. 12 They also captured Lot—Abram's nephew who lived in Sodom and carried off everything he owned.

<sup>13</sup>But one of Lot's men escaped and reported everything to Abram the Hebrew, who was living near the oak grove belonging to Mamre the Amorite. Mamre and his relatives, Eshcol and Aner, were Abram's allies.

14When Abram heard that his nephew Lot had been captured, he mobilized the 318 trained men who had been born into his household. Then he pursued Kedorlaomer's army until he caught up with them at Dan. 15 There he divided his men and attacked during the night. Kedorlaomer's army fled, but Abram chased them as far as Hobah, north of Damascus. 16 Abram recovered all the goods that had been taken, and he brought back his nephew Lot with his possessions and all the women and other captives.

<sup>17</sup> After Abram returned from his victory over Kedorlaomer and all his allies, the king of Sodom went out to meet him in the valley of Shaveh (that is, the King's Valley).

<sup>18</sup>And Melchizedek, the king of Salem and a priest of God Most High,\* brought Abram some bread and wine. 19 Melchizedek blessed Abram with this blessing:

"Blessed be Abram by God Most High, Creator of heaven and earth.

20 And blessed be God Most High, who has defeated your enemies for you."

Then Abram gave Melchizedek a tenth of all the goods he had recovered.

<sup>21</sup>The king of Sodom said to Abram, "Give back my people who were captured. But you may keep for yourself all the goods you have recovered."

<sup>22</sup> Abram replied to the king of Sodom, "I solemnly swear to the Lord, God Most High, Creator of heaven and earth, <sup>23</sup> that I will not take so much as a single thread or sandal thong from what belongs to you. Otherwise you might say, 'I am the one who made Abram rich.' <sup>24</sup>I will accept only what my young warriors have already eaten, and I request that you give a fair share of the goods to my allies—Aner, Eshcol, and Mamre."

#### 

chapter 15	chapter 16	chapter 17
Abram's covenant of faith	Abram's child of impatience	Abram's covenant confirmed
Promise	Presumption	Prescribed rite

**OVERVIEW** It is one thing to walk with God; it is something else to run ahead of him. God often repeats his promise to Abram of many descendants (12:2; 13:16; 15:4-5). But as the years pass with no evidence of fulfillment, Abram acts in foolish impatience. The result is a son, Ishmael, who becomes the heartbreak of his father and a constant reminder of the high price of unbelief. But God's word stands sure. Though his promise is biologically impossible, Abram and Sarai will give birth to a son—a promise confirmed by new names for the parents-to-be: Abraham ("father of many") and Sarah ("princess").

#### CHAPTER 15

Some time later, the LORD spoke to Abram in a vision and said to him, "Do not be afraid, Abram, for I will protect you, and your reward will be great."

<sup>2</sup>But Abram replied, "O Sovereign Lord, what good are all your blessings when I don't even have a son? Since you've given me no children, Eliezer of Damascus, a servant in my household, will inherit all my wealth. <sup>3</sup>You have given me no descendants of my own, so one of my servants will be my heir."

<sup>4</sup>Then the LORD said to him, "No, your servant will not be your heir, for you will have a

son of your own who will be your heir."

Then the LORD took Abram outside and said to him, "Look up into the sky and count the stars if you can. That's how many descendants you will have!"

<sup>6</sup>And Abram believed the LORD, and the LORD counted him as righteous because of his faith.

<sup>7</sup>Then the LORD told him, "I am the LORD who brought you out of Ur of the Chaldeans to give you this land as your possession."

<sup>8</sup>But Abram replied, "O Sovereign LORD, how can I be sure that I will actually possess it?"

9The LORD told him, "Bring me a three-

#### INSIGHT

#### Righteous Faith 15:6

Romans 4:22 cites Genesis 15:6: "Because of Abraham's faith, God counted him as righteous." Abraham's faith consisted of more than a mere belief in the existence of God. He had faith in God's promise to give him a seed, a descendant. Jesus is the ultimate fulfillment of that promise (see Galatians 3:16). If we believe in Jesus, we become Abraham's spiritual descendants, and we, too, are declared to be righteous before God.

year-old heifer, a three-year-old female goat, a three-year-old ram, a turtledove, and a young pigeon." <sup>10</sup>So Abram presented all these to him and killed them. Then he cut each animal down the middle and laid the halves side by side; he did not, however, cut the birds in half. <sup>11</sup>Some vultures swooped down to eat the carcasses, but Abram chased them away.

<sup>12</sup> As the sun was going down, Abram fell into a deep sleep, and a terrifying darkness came down over him. <sup>13</sup> Then the LORD said to Abram, "You can be sure that your descendants will be strangers in a foreign land, where they will be oppressed as slaves for 400 years. <sup>14</sup> But I will punish the nation that enslaves them, and in the end they will come away with great wealth. <sup>15</sup> (As for you, you will die in peace and be buried at a ripe old age.) <sup>16</sup> After four generations your descendants will return here to this land, for the sins of the Amorites do not yet warrant their destruction."

<sup>17</sup> After the sun went down and darkness fell, Abram saw a smoking firepot and a flaming torch pass between the halves of the carcasses. <sup>18</sup>So the Lord made a covenant with Abram that day and said, "I have given this land to your descendants, all the way from the border of Egypt\* to the great Euphrates River—<sup>19</sup>the land now occupied by the Kenites, Kenizzites, Kadmonites, <sup>20</sup>-Hittites, Perizzites, Rephaites, <sup>21</sup>Amorites, Canaanites, Girgashites, and Jebusites."

#### CHAPTER 16

Now Sarai, Abram's wife, had not been able to bear children for him. But she had an Egyptian servant named Hagar. <sup>2</sup>So Sarai said to Abram, "The Lord has prevented me from having children. Go and sleep with my servant. Perhaps I can have children through her." And Abram agreed with Sarai's proposal. <sup>3</sup>So Sarai, Abram's wife, took Hagar the Egyptian servant and gave her to Abram as a wife. (This happened ten years after Abram had settled in the land of Canaan.)

4So Abram had sexual relations with Hagar, and she became pregnant. But when Hagar knew she was pregnant, she began to treat her mistress, Sarai, with contempt. <sup>5</sup>Then Sarai said to Abram, "This is all your fault! I put my servant into your arms, but now that she's pregnant she treats me with contempt. The Lord will show who's wrong—you or me!"

<sup>6</sup>Abram replied, "Look, she is your servant, so deal with her as you see fit." Then Sarai treated Hagar so harshly that she finally ran away.

<sup>7</sup>The angel of the LORD found Hagar beside a spring of water in the wilderness, along the road to Shur. <sup>8</sup>The angel said to her, "Hagar, Sarai's servant, where have you come from, and where are you going?"

"I'm running away from my mistress, Sarai," she replied.

<sup>9</sup>The angel of the LORD said to her, "Return to your mistress, and submit to her authority." <sup>10</sup>Then he added, "I will give you more descendants than you can count."

<sup>11</sup>And the angel also said, "You are now pregnant and will give birth to a son. You are to name him Ishmael (which means 'God hears'), for the LORD has heard your cry of distress. <sup>12</sup>This son of yours will be a wild man, as untamed as a wild donkey! He will raise his fist against everyone, and everyone will be against him. Yes, he will live in open hostility against all his relatives."

<sup>13</sup> Thereafter, Hagar used another name to refer to the LORD, who had spoken to her. She said, "You are the God who sees me."\* She also said, "Have I truly seen the One

who sees me?" <sup>14</sup>So that well was named Beer-lahai-roi (which means "well of the Living One who sees me"). It can still be found between Kadesh and Bered.

<sup>15</sup>So Hagar gave Abram a son, and Abram named him Ishmael. <sup>16</sup>Abram was eightysix years old when Ishmael was born.

#### CHAPTER 17

When Abram was ninety-nine years old, the LORD appeared to him and said, "I am El-Shaddai—'God Almighty.' Serve me faithfully and live a blameless life. <sup>2</sup>I will make a covenant with you, by which I will guarantee to give you countless descendants."

<sup>3</sup>At this, Abram fell face down on the ground. Then God said to him, <sup>4</sup>"This is my covenant with you: I will make you the father of a multitude of nations! <sup>5</sup>What's more, I am changing your name. It will no longer be Abram. Instead, you will be called Abraham,\* for you will be the father of many nations. <sup>6</sup>I will make you extremely fruitful. Your descendants will become many nations, and kings will be among them!

7"I will confirm my covenant with you and your descendants\* after you, from generation to generation. This is the everlasting covenant: I will always be your God and the God of your descendants after you. And I will give the entire land of Canaan, where you now live as a foreigner, to you and your descendants. It will be their possession forever, and I will be their God."

<sup>9</sup>Then God said to Abraham, "Your responsibility is to obey the terms of the covenant. You and all your descendants have this continual responsibility. <sup>10</sup>This is the covenant that you and your descendants must keep: Each male among you must be circumcised. <sup>11</sup>You must cut off the flesh of your foreskin as a sign of the covenant between me and you. <sup>12</sup>From generation to generation, every male child must be circumcised on the eighth day after his birth. This applies not only to members of your family but also to the servants born in your household and the foreign-born servants whom you have purchased. <sup>13</sup>All must be

#### MY DAILY WALK

Hindsight may be a harsh teacher, but its vision is 20/20. The book of Genesis does not cover up the frailties of Abraham and Sarah but includes them right along with their moments of shining faith and obedience. Why? So that we might learn from their example, good and bad.

What can you learn from Abraham's life about the danger of running ahead of God? Here are two lessons worth noting:

- (1) Abraham's perception of God was too small. Abraham assumed that Sarah's barrenness was a permanent obstacle to God's promise, not realizing that "nothing is impossible with God" (Luke 1:37).
- (2) Abraham's patience was too short. He got in a hurry. He decided to fulfill a promise that God was responsible to fulfill.

Write down one of God's timeless promises to you, and attach it to a clock you see regularly. This is a great way to remind yourself throughout the day that his promise will come in his time.



MANY PEOPLE HAVE TURNED AND LEFT THE DOCK JUST BEFORE THEIR SHIP CAME IN.

circumcised. Your bodies will bear the mark of my everlasting covenant. <sup>14</sup>Any male who fails to be circumcised will be cut off from the covenant family for breaking the covenant."

<sup>15</sup>Then God said to Abraham, "Regarding Sarai, your wife—her name will no longer be Sarai. From now on her name will be Sarah.\* <sup>16</sup>And I will bless her and give you a son from her! Yes, I will bless her richly, and she will become the mother of many nations. Kings of nations will be among her descendants."

#### INSIGHT

#### A Cut to the Heart 17:14

In Genesis 17, God gives Abraham the rite of circumcision as the sign of his covenant with him. It is an outward sign of a new relationship. When we as believers in Jesus come into the family of Abraham, we receive circumcision that is not a cutting of the body but rather "a change of heart produced by God's Spirit" (Romans 2:29).

<sup>17</sup>Then Abraham bowed down to the ground, but he laughed to himself in disbelief. "How could I become a father at the age of 100?" he thought. "And how can Sarah have a baby when she is ninety years old?" <sup>18</sup>So Abraham said to God, "May Ishmael live under your special blessing!"

<sup>19</sup>But God replied, "No—Sarah, your wife, will give birth to a son for you. You will name him Isaac,\* and I will confirm my covenant with him and his descendants as an ever-

17:19 Isaac means "he laughs."

lasting covenant. <sup>20</sup>As for Ishmael, I will bless him also, just as you have asked. I will make him extremely fruitful and multiply his descendants. He will become the father of twelve princes, and I will make him a great nation. <sup>21</sup>But my covenant will be confirmed with Isaac, who will be born to you and Sarah about this time next year." <sup>22</sup>When God had finished speaking, he left Abraham.

<sup>23</sup> On that very day Abraham took his son, Ishmael, and every male in his household, including those born there and those he had bought. Then he circumcised them, cutting off their foreskins, just as God had told him. <sup>24</sup> Abraham was ninety-nine years old when he was circumcised, <sup>25</sup> and Ishmael, his son, was thirteen. <sup>26</sup> Both Abraham and his son, Ishmael, were circumcised on that same day, <sup>27</sup> along with all the other men and boys of the household, whether they were born there or bought as servants. All were circumcised with him.

# \* WALK 7.....JANUARY 7 The God You Can Know

**LOOK BACK** Congratulations! You've taken an exciting step in your spiritual walk through God's Word. Already you've read about God's masterful creation of the universe, the first sin and its spread throughout humanity, Noah and his boat, the tower of Babel and the scattering of the nations, and God's promise to Abraham to make him a father of a nation special to God.

But now let's pause and refresh ourselves as we walk through the pages of Scripture. About every seventh day you'll have the opportunity to catch up on your reading from the week if you need to. But more than that,

you'll have a chance to *look back* at what you've been reading, *look up* at God and consider what he wants to say to you through his Word, and *look ahead* at what's to come.

Don't hurry through these seventh-day devotionals. Instead, take the opportunity to rest in God's presence, because you're not just reading through the Bible this year—you're walking with God himself.

THE BEST WAY TO FACE LIFE'S CHANGES IS TO FACE THE UNCHANGING GOD.

**LOOK UP** If you believe what popular culture says about God, you might conclude that he is watching you from a distance. But if you believe what you read in the book of Genesis, you'll conclude that God is nearby and that he takes a personal interest in your life. And you'll be right.

After all, look at the divine fingerprints clearly visible on the lives of Adam (who

walked with God in the cool of the evening), Noah (who rode high above the floodwaters in a boat built with the aid of a blueprint from heaven—and notice in Genesis 7:16 who shut the door), and Abram (selected by God to be the father of nations and the channel of blessing to the entire world). That's not the picture of a distant, detached deity, but of a powerful yet personal God of Creation who not only made you but also wants to quide and provide for you each day of your life.

**LOOK AHEAD** Even though you have only just begun to read through the Old Testament, pause for a moment to read an important verse from the New Testament. In it you will find one of the most compelling reasons to keep reading each and every day.

In Hebrews 11 you'll find enshrined the names of many of the heroes of faith you will be meeting "up close and personal" over the next few months. But notice the last half of verse 6: "Anyone who wants to come to him must believe that God exists and that he rewards those who sincerely seek him."

The God of Creation is not an impersonal cosmic force but a personal, promise-keeping Friend and Guide. When God seems far away and it feels as if he is watching you from a distance, you can be confident it was you, not he, who moved. The one who put the galaxies in space and is big enough to rule the universe is looking for people who earnestly desire to seek and find him.

The God who showed himself strong to Adam, Noah, and Abram thousands of years ago is still alive and well today, and he is the same God you will meet each day in the pages of his Word as you journey through *The Daily Walk Bible*. If you're not in the habit of doing so, why not begin keeping a journal to record your observations, insights, and any applications you've made? By the end of the year, you'll have a treasure chest of memories about your daily time with God—whether in the cool of the evening or the quiet of the morning, or sometime in between.

# \*\* WALK 8.....JANUARY 8 God's Judgment on Sodom GENESIS 18-20

chapter 18	chapter 19	chapter 20
Sodom's doom declared	Sodom and Gomorrah destroyed	Abraham's deceit
Savir	Saving Sarah	

**OVERVIEW** Three heavenly messengers arrive with both good news and bad news for Abraham's family. The good news: Abraham and Sarah's long-awaited dream is about to come true; they will soon experience the joys of parenthood. The bad news: Sodom and Gomorrah will soon experience the full fury of God's judgment for their grievous sins. In response to Abraham's intercession, God spares Lot's family during Sodom's destruction, though their grudging departure reflects their lukewarm spiritual condition.

#### CHAPTER 18

The LORD appeared again to Abraham near the oak grove belonging to Mamre. One day Abraham was sitting at the entrance to his tent during the hottest part of the day. <sup>2</sup>He looked up and noticed three men standing nearby. When he saw them, he ran to meet them and welcomed them, bowing low to the ground.

<sup>3</sup> "My lord," he said, "if it pleases you, stop

#### INSIGHT

What Was Sarah Thinking? 18:15
Not many would dare to laugh at a prophetic promise, no matter how it was delivered. But Sarah did when she overheard that she would have a son in less than a year. So many years had gone by that she had given up hope. Remember that time does not diminish a promise from God. His promises are just as certain today as they were when he gave them to you.

here for a while. 4Rest in the shade of this tree while water is brought to wash your feet. 5And since you've honored your servant with this visit, let me prepare some food to refresh you before you continue on your journey."

"All right," they said. "Do as you have said."

°So Abraham ran back to the tent and said to Sarah, "Hurry! Get three large measures\* of your best flour, knead it into dough, and bake some bread." <sup>7</sup>Then Abraham ran out to the herd and chose a tender calf and gave it to his servant, who quickly prepared it. <sup>8</sup>When the food was ready, Abraham took some yogurt and milk and the roasted meat, and he served it to the men. As they ate, Abraham waited on them in the shade of the trees.

<sup>9</sup>"Where is Sarah, your wife?" the visitors asked.

"She's inside the tent," Abraham replied.

10 Then one of them said, "I will return to you about this time next year, and your wife, Sarah, will have a son!"

Sarah was listening to this conversation from the tent. <sup>11</sup>Abraham and Sarah were both very old by this time, and Sarah was long past the age of having children. <sup>12</sup>So she laughed silently to herself and said, "How could a worn-out woman like me enjoy such pleasure, especially when my master—my husband—is also so old?"

<sup>13</sup>Then the LORD said to Abraham, "Why did Sarah laugh? Why did she say, 'Can an old woman like me have a baby?' <sup>14</sup>Is anything too hard for the LORD? I will return about this time next year, and Sarah will have a son."

<sup>15</sup>Sarah was afraid, so she denied it, saying, "I didn't laugh."

But the LORD said, "No, you did laugh."

<sup>16</sup>Then the men got up from their meal and looked out toward Sodom. As they left, Abraham went with them to send them on their way.

<sup>17</sup>"Should I hide my plan from Abraham?" the LORD asked. <sup>18</sup>"For Abraham will certainly become a great and mighty nation, and all the nations of the earth will be blessed through him. <sup>19</sup>I have singled him out so that he will direct his sons and their families to keep the way of the LORD by doing what is right and just. Then I will do for Abraham all that I have promised."

<sup>20</sup>So the LORD told Abraham, "I have heard a great outcry from Sodom and Gomorrah, because their sin is so flagrant. <sup>21</sup>I am going down to see if their actions are as wicked as I have heard. If not, I want to know."

<sup>22</sup>The other men turned and headed toward Sodom, but the LORD remained with Abraham. <sup>23</sup>Abraham approached him and said, "Will you sweep away both the righteous and the wicked? <sup>24</sup>Suppose you find fifty righteous people living there in the city—will you still sweep it away and not spare it for their sakes? <sup>25</sup>Surely you wouldn't do such a thing, destroying the righteous along with the wicked. Why, you would be treating the righteous and the wicked exactly the same! Surely you wouldn't do that! Should not the Judge of all the earth do what is right?"

<sup>26</sup>And the LORD replied, "If I find fifty righteous people in Sodom, I will spare the entire city for their sake."

<sup>27</sup>Then Abraham spoke again. "Since I have begun, let me speak further to my Lord, even though I am but dust and ashes. <sup>28</sup>Suppose there are only forty-five righteous people rather than fifty? Will you destroy the whole city for lack of five?"

And the LORD said, "I will not destroy it if I find forty-five righteous people there."

<sup>29</sup>Then Abraham pressed his request further. "Suppose there are only forty?"

And the Lord replied, "I will not destroy it for the sake of the forty."

<sup>30</sup>"Please don't be angry, my Lord," Abraham pleaded. "Let me speak—suppose only thirty righteous people are found?"

And the LORD replied, "I will not destroy it if I find thirty."

<sup>31</sup>Then Abraham said, "Since I have dared to speak to the Lord, let me continue—suppose there are only twenty?"

And the LORD replied, "Then I will not destroy it for the sake of the twenty."

<sup>32</sup> Finally, Abraham said, "Lord, please don't be angry with me if I speak one more time. Suppose only ten are found there?"

And the LORD replied, "Then I will not destroy it for the sake of the ten."

<sup>33</sup> When the LORD had finished his conversation with Abraham, he went on his way, and Abraham returned to his tent.

## CHAPTER 19

That evening the two angels came to the entrance of the city of Sodom. Lot was sitting there, and when he saw them, he stood up to meet them. Then he welcomed them and bowed with his face to the ground. <sup>2</sup>"My lords," he said, "come to my home to wash your feet, and be my guests for the night. You may then get up early in the morning and be on your way again."

"Oh no," they replied. "We'll just spend the night out here in the city square."

<sup>3</sup>But Lot insisted, so at last they went home with him. Lot prepared a feast for them, complete with fresh bread made without yeast, and they ate. <sup>4</sup>But before they retired for the night, all the men of Sodom, young and old, came from all over the city and surrounded the house. <sup>5</sup>They shouted to Lot, "Where are the men who came to spend the night with you? Bring them out to us so we can have sex with them!"

<sup>6</sup>So Lot stepped outside to talk to them, shutting the door behind him. <sup>7</sup>"Please, my brothers," he begged, "don't do such a wicked thing. <sup>8</sup>Look, I have two virgin daughters. Let me bring them out to you, and you can do with them as you wish. But please, leave these men alone, for they are my guests and are under my protection."

9"Stand back!" they shouted. "This fellow

## MY DAILY WALK

One day a man named Lot sat down at his desk, pulled out a sheet of paper, and wrote across the top: "Goals for My Life." Then he began to compile the goals that would shape the direction of his life:

- 1. To lose all sense of moral values
- 2. To forfeit all spiritual authority in my home
- 3. To exert no influence for good in my community
- 4. To lose everyone and everything dear to me

Ridiculous, you say? Then consider this: Lot accomplished everything on that list. His lack of godly spiritual goals left a vacuum, which was then filled with unwanted consequences. He may not have set these wretched goals, but he accomplished them by default.

Written goals help prevent the kind of purposeless drift that set Lot up for disaster. What do you want to accomplish specifically this year in the areas of Scripture memorization . . . time in God's Word . . . sharing your faith? Write them down; hang them up; pray them through; and with God's help watch them happen.



MANY PEOPLE HAVE THE RIGHT AIMS IN LIFE; THEY JUST NEVER GET AROUND TO PULLING THE TRIGGER.

came to town as an outsider, and now he's acting like our judge! We'll treat you far worse than those other men!" And they lunged toward Lot to break down the door.

<sup>10</sup>But the two angels\* reached out, pulled Lot into the house, and bolted the door. <sup>11</sup>Then they blinded all the men, young and old, who were at the door of the house, so they gave up trying to get inside.

<sup>12</sup>Meanwhile, the angels questioned Lot. "Do you have any other relatives here in the

#### INSIGHT

#### Where Are They Today? 19:38

From the offspring of Lot's incest with his daughters came the forerunners of the Moabites and Ammonites (19:37-38), who, though related to the Israelites, were their constant enemies. In Scripture these two nations came to symbolize corruption. For their gross idolatry, both Moab and Ammon would later be destroyed (Amos 2:1-3; Ezekiel 25:1-11).

city?" they asked. "Get them out of this place—your sons-in-law, sons, daughters, or anyone else. <sup>13</sup> For we are about to destroy this city completely. The outcry against this place is so great it has reached the LORD, and he has sent us to destroy it."

<sup>14</sup>So Lot rushed out to tell his daughters' fiancés, "Quick, get out of the city! The LORD is about to destroy it." But the young men thought he was only joking.

<sup>15</sup>At dawn the next morning the angels became insistent. "Hurry," they said to Lot. "Take your wife and your two daughters who are here. Get out right now, or you will be swept away in the destruction of the city!"

<sup>16</sup>When Lot still hesitated, the angels seized his hand and the hands of his wife and two daughters and rushed them to safety outside the city, for the LORD was merciful. <sup>17</sup>When they were safely out of the city, one of the angels ordered, "Run for your lives! And don't look back or stop anywhere in the valley! Escape to the mountains, or you will be swept away!"

<sup>18</sup>"Oh no, my lord!" Lot begged. <sup>19</sup>"You have been so gracious to me and saved my life, and you have shown such great kindness. But I cannot go to the mountains. Disaster would catch up to me there, and I would soon die. <sup>20</sup>See, there is a small village nearby. Please let me go there instead; don't you see how small it is? Then my life will be saved."

<sup>21</sup>"All right," the angel said, "I will grant your request. I will not destroy the little village. <sup>22</sup>But hurry! Escape to it, for I can do nothing until you arrive there." (This explains why that village was known as Zoar, which means "little place.")

<sup>23</sup>Lot reached the village just as the sun was rising over the horizon. <sup>24</sup>Then the Lord rained down fire and burning sulfur from the sky on Sodom and Gomorrah. <sup>25</sup>He utterly destroyed them, along with the other cities and villages of the plain, wiping out all the people and every bit of vegetation. <sup>26</sup>But Lot's wife looked back as she was following behind him, and she turned into a pillar of salt.

<sup>27</sup> Abraham got up early that morning and hurried out to the place where he had stood in the LORD's presence. <sup>28</sup> He looked out across the plain toward Sodom and Gomorrah and watched as columns of smoke rose from the cities like smoke from a furnace.

<sup>29</sup> But God had listened to Abraham's request and kept Lot safe, removing him from the disaster that engulfed the cities on the plain.

<sup>30</sup>Afterward Lot left Zoar because he was afraid of the people there, and he went to live in a cave in the mountains with his two daughters. <sup>31</sup>One day the older daughter said to her sister, "There are no men left anywhere in this entire area, so we can't get married like everyone else. And our father will soon be too old to have children. <sup>32</sup>Come, let's get him drunk with wine, and then we will have sex with him. That way we will preserve our family line through our father."

<sup>33</sup>So that night they got him drunk with wine, and the older daughter went in and had intercourse with her father. He was unaware of her lying down or getting up again.

<sup>34</sup>The next morning the older daughter said to her younger sister, "I had sex with our father last night. Let's get him drunk with wine again tonight, and you go in and have sex with him. That way we will preserve our family line through our father." <sup>35</sup>So that night they got him drunk with wine again, and the younger daughter went in and had intercourse with him. As before, he was unaware of her lying down or getting up again.

<sup>36</sup>As a result, both of Lot's daughters became pregnant by their own father. <sup>37</sup>When the older daughter gave birth to a son, she named him Moab.\* He became the ancestor of the nation now known as the Moabites. <sup>38</sup>When the younger daughter gave birth to

a son, she named him Ben-ammi.\* He became the ancestor of the nation now known as the Ammonites.

# CHAPTER 20

Abraham moved south to the Negev and lived for a while between Kadesh and Shur, and then he moved on to Gerar. While living there as a foreigner, <sup>2</sup>Abraham introduced his wife, Sarah, by saying, "She is my sister." So King Abimelech of Gerar sent for Sarah and had her brought to him at his palace.

<sup>3</sup>But that night God came to Abimelech in a dream and told him, "You are a dead man, for that woman you have taken is already married!"

<sup>4</sup>But Abimelech had not slept with her yet, so he said, "Lord, will you destroy an innocent nation? <sup>5</sup>Didn't Abraham tell me, 'She is my sister'? And she herself said, 'Yes, he is my brother.' I acted in complete innocence! My hands are clean."

<sup>6</sup>In the dream God responded, "Yes, I know you are innocent. That's why I kept you from sinning against me, and why I did not let you touch her. <sup>7</sup>Now return the woman to her husband, and he will pray for you, for he is a prophet. Then you will live. But if you don't return her to him, you can be sure that you and all your people will die."

<sup>8</sup>Abimelech got up early the next morning and quickly called all his servants together. When he told them what had happened, his men were terrified. <sup>9</sup>Then Abimelech

called for Abraham. "What have you done to us?" he demanded. "What crime have I committed that deserves treatment like this, making me and my kingdom guilty of this great sin? No one should ever do what you have done! <sup>10</sup>Whatever possessed you to do such a thing?"

<sup>11</sup>Abraham replied, "I thought, 'This is a godless place. They will want my wife and will kill me to get her.' <sup>12</sup>And she really is my sister, for we both have the same father, but different mothers. And I married her. <sup>13</sup>When God called me to leave my father's home and to travel from place to place, I told her, 'Do me a favor. Wherever we go, tell the people that I am your brother.'"

<sup>14</sup>Then Abimelech took some of his sheep and goats, cattle, and male and female servants, and he presented them to Abraham. He also returned his wife, Sarah, to him. <sup>15</sup>Then Abimelech said, "Look over my land and choose any place where you would like to live." <sup>16</sup>And he said to Sarah, "Look, I am giving your 'brother' 1,000 pieces of silver\* in the presence of all these witnesses. This is to compensate you for any wrong I may have done to you. This will settle any claim against me, and your reputation is cleared."

<sup>17</sup>Then Abraham prayed to God, and God healed Abimelech, his wife, and his female servants, so they could have children. <sup>18</sup>For the LORD had caused all the women to be infertile because of what happened with Abraham's wife, Sarah.

19:38 Ben-ammi means "son of my kinsman." 20:16 Hebrew 1,000 shekels of silver, about 25 pounds or 11.4 kilograms in weight.

# \*\*NALK 9.....JANUARY 9 Isaac—God's Promise in Flesh and Blood GENESIS 21-24

chapter 21	chapter 22	chapter 23	chapter 24
Birth of Isaac	Offering of Isaac	Death of Sarah	Marriage of Isaac
Isaac's childhood		Isaac's earl	y adulthood

**OVERVIEW** Today's reading describes the birth and early years of Isaac, the long-awaited son God had promised Abraham. After many years of learning to walk by faith, Abraham and Sarah experience the greatest joy of their lives: the miraculous birth of

a son and heir and the one through whom God would form a great nation. The stage is set for Abraham's most severe test—the command to sacrifice his treasured son as a burnt offering to God. Drawing upon a faith in God that has grown with the years, Abraham obeys, thereby learning another lesson in God's faithfulness. Sarah, who sees her son reach manhood, does not live to see him marry.

## CHAPTER 21

The LORD kept his word and did for Sarah exactly what he had promised. <sup>2</sup>She became pregnant, and she gave birth to a son for Abraham in his old age. This happened at just the time God had said it would. <sup>3</sup>And Abraham named their son Isaac. <sup>4</sup>Eight days after Isaac was born, Abraham circumcised him as God had commanded. <sup>5</sup>Abraham was 100 years old when Isaac was born.

<sup>6</sup>And Sarah declared, "God has brought me laughter.\* All who hear about this will laugh with me. <sup>7</sup>Who would have said to Abraham that Sarah would nurse a baby? Yet I have given Abraham a son in his old age!"

\*When Isaac grew up and was about to be weaned, Abraham prepared a huge feast to celebrate the occasion. But Sarah saw Ishmael—the son of Abraham and her Egyptian servant Hagar—making fun of her son, Isaac.\* 10 So she turned to Abraham and demanded, "Get rid of that slave woman and her son. He is not going to share the inheritance with my son, Isaac. I won't have it!"

#### INSIGHT

#### A Costly Exchange 21:11

In Abraham's day, a son by a slave woman lost any right to an inheritance if his mother were put out of the household. Sarah's statement in 21:10 shows that she was trying to force Abraham to do that very thing with Hagar and Ishmael. "This upset Abraham very much because Ishmael was his son" (21:11).

<sup>11</sup>This upset Abraham very much because Ishmael was his son. <sup>12</sup>But God told Abraham, "Do not be upset over the boy and your servant. Do whatever Sarah tells you, for Isaac is the son through whom your descendants will be counted. <sup>13</sup>But I will also make a nation of the descendants of Hagar's son because he is your son, too."

<sup>14</sup>So Abraham got up early the next

morning, prepared food and a container of water, and strapped them on Hagar's shoulders. Then he sent her away with their son, and she wandered aimlessly in the wilderness of Beersheba.

<sup>15</sup>When the water was gone, she put the boy in the shade of a bush. <sup>16</sup>Then she went and sat down by herself about a hundred yards\* away. "I don't want to watch the boy die," she said, as she burst into tears.

<sup>17</sup>But God heard the boy crying, and the angel of God called to Hagar from heaven, "Hagar, what's wrong? Do not be afraid! God has heard the boy crying as he lies there. <sup>18</sup>Go to him and comfort him, for I will make a great nation from his descendants."

<sup>19</sup>Then God opened Hagar's eyes, and she saw a well full of water. She quickly filled her water container and gave the boy a drink.

<sup>20</sup> And God was with the boy as he grew up in the wilderness. He became a skillful archer, <sup>21</sup> and he settled in the wilderness of Paran. His mother arranged for him to marry a woman from the land of Egypt.

<sup>22</sup>About this time, Abimelech came with Phicol, his army commander, to visit Abraham. "God is obviously with you, helping you in everything you do," Abimelech said. <sup>23</sup>"Swear to me in God's name that you will never deceive me, my children, or any of my descendants. I have been loyal to you, so now swear that you will be loyal to me and to this country where you are living as a foreigner."

<sup>24</sup>Abraham replied, "Yes, I swear to it!" <sup>25</sup>Then Abraham complained to Abimelech about a well that Abimelech's servants had taken by force from Abraham's servants.

<sup>26</sup>"This is the first I've heard of it," Abimelech answered. "I have no idea who is responsible. You have never complained about this before."

<sup>27</sup>Abraham then gave some of his sheep, goats, and cattle to Abimelech, and they made a treaty. <sup>28</sup>But Abraham also took seven

additional female lambs and set them off by themselves. <sup>29</sup>Abimelech asked, "Why have you set these seven apart from the others?"

<sup>30</sup>Abraham replied, "Please accept these seven lambs to show your agreement that I dug this well." <sup>31</sup>Then he named the place Beersheba (which means "well of the oath"), because that was where they had sworn the oath.

<sup>32</sup> After making their covenant at Beersheba, Abimelech left with Phicol, the commander of his army, and they returned home to the land of the Philistines. <sup>33</sup> Then Abraham planted a tamarisk tree at Beersheba, and there he worshiped the LORD, the Eternal God.\* <sup>34</sup> And Abraham lived as a foreigner in Philistine country for a long time.

#### CHAPTER 22

Some time later, God tested Abraham's faith. "Abraham!" God called.

"Yes," he replied. "Here I am."

<sup>2</sup>"Take your son, your only son—yes, Isaac, whom you love so much—and go to the land of Moriah. Go and sacrifice him as a burnt offering on one of the mountains, which I will show you."

<sup>3</sup>The next morning Abraham got up early. He saddled his donkey and took two of his servants with him, along with his son, Isaac. Then he chopped wood for a fire for a burnt offering and set out for the place God had told him about. <sup>4</sup>On the third day of their journey, Abraham looked up and saw the place in the distance. <sup>5</sup>"Stay here with the donkey," Abraham told the servants. "The boy and I will travel a little farther. We will worship there, and then we will come right back."

<sup>6</sup>So Abraham placed the wood for the burnt offering on Isaac's shoulders, while he himself carried the fire and the knife. As the two of them walked on together, <sup>7</sup>Isaac turned to Abraham and said, "Father?"

"Yes, my son?" Abraham replied.

"We have the fire and the wood," the boy said, "but where is the sheep for the burnt offering?"

8"God will provide a sheep for the burnt offering, my son," Abraham answered. And they both walked on together.

# MY DAILY WALK

"There is no such thing as an accident, only incidents in the perfect will of God." That's not just a glib maxim. It was spoken by a father whose teenage daughter had just undergone brain surgery after a car and bus collision. He meant that both the type and the timing of "accidents" are under God's authority.

It is no coincidence that chapter 22, the offering of Isaac, begins with these words: "Some time later, God tested Abraham's faith." Why did God choose to test Abraham's faith at this point? Abraham had already undergone many faith-stretching experiences. But these were just preparation for Abraham's biggest test—obedience at the cost of his promised son.

Are you learning the lessons today that will help you handle the tests God has for you tomorrow? Think of one faith-stretching situation you are facing today. How might God use it to prepare you for tomorrow? Ask him to make you teachable in today's tests so you'll be prepared for the bigger ones tomorrow.



THE MEASURE OF A SPIRITUAL LIFE IS NOT IN ITS ECSTASIES BUT IN ITS OBEDIENCE.

<sup>9</sup>When they arrived at the place where God had told him to go, Abraham built an altar and arranged the wood on it. Then he tied his son, Isaac, and laid him on the altar on top of the wood. <sup>10</sup>And Abraham picked up the knife to kill his son as a sacrifice. <sup>11</sup>At that moment the angel of the LORD called to him from heaven, "Abraham! Abraham!"

"Yes," Abraham replied. "Here I am!"

<sup>12</sup>"Don't lay a hand on the boy!" the angel said. "Do not hurt him in any way, for now I know that you truly fear God. You have not withheld from me even your son, your only son."

#### INSIGHT

On the Mountain of the LORD 22:14
Genesis 22:14 says that "Abraham named the place . . . 'the LORD will provide.'" Many aspects of this story point toward Jesus.
Both Isaac and Jesus were promised sons; each was born through a miraculous conception; each carried the wood of his sacrifice; each was offered by his father on what was possibly the exact same mountain. One was saved by a lamb, and one was the Lamb. God provided.

<sup>13</sup>Then Abraham looked up and saw a ram caught by its horns in a thicket. So he took the ram and sacrificed it as a burnt offering in place of his son. <sup>14</sup>Abraham named the place Yahweh-Yireh (which means "the LORD will provide"). To this day, people still use that name as a proverb: "On the mountain of the LORD it will be provided."

<sup>15</sup>Then the angel of the Lord called again to Abraham from heaven. <sup>16</sup>"This is what the Lord says: Because you have obeyed me and have not withheld even your son, your only son, I swear by my own name that <sup>17</sup>I will certainly bless you. I will multiply your descendants\* beyond number, like the stars in the sky and the sand on the seashore. Your descendants will conquer the cities of their enemies. <sup>18</sup>And through your descendants all the nations of the earth will be blessed—all because you have obeyed me."

<sup>19</sup>Then they returned to the servants and traveled back to Beersheba, where Abraham continued to live.

<sup>20</sup>Soon after this, Abraham heard that Milcah, his brother Nahor's wife, had borne Nahor eight sons. <sup>21</sup>The oldest was named Uz, the next oldest was Buz, followed by Kemuel (the ancestor of the Arameans), <sup>22</sup>Kesed, Hazo, Pildash, Jidlaph, and Bethuel. <sup>23</sup>(Bethuel became the father of Rebekah.) In addition to these eight sons from Milcah, <sup>24</sup>Nahor had four other children from his concubine Reumah. Their names were Tebah, Gaham, Tahash, and Maacah.

#### CHAPTER 23

When Sarah was 127 years old, 2 she died at Kiriath-arba (now called Hebron) in the

land of Canaan. There Abraham mourned and wept for her.

<sup>3</sup>Then, leaving her body, he said to the Hittite elders, <sup>4</sup>"Here I am, a stranger and a foreigner among you. Please sell me a piece of land so I can give my wife a proper burial."

<sup>5</sup>The Hittites replied to Abraham, <sup>6</sup>"Listen, my lord, you are an honored prince among us. Choose the finest of our tombs and bury her there. No one here will refuse to help you in this way."

<sup>7</sup>Then Abraham bowed low before the Hittites and said, <sup>8</sup>"Since you are willing to help me in this way, be so kind as to ask Ephron son of Zohar <sup>9</sup>to let me buy his cave at Machpelah, down at the end of his field. I will pay the full price in the presence of witnesses, so I will have a permanent burial place for my family."

<sup>10</sup>Ephron was sitting there among the others, and he answered Abraham as the others listened, speaking publicly before all the Hittite elders of the town. <sup>11</sup>"No, my lord," he said to Abraham, "please listen to me. I will give you the field and the cave. Here in the presence of my people, I give it to you. Go and bury your dead."

<sup>12</sup>Abraham again bowed low before the citizens of the land, <sup>13</sup>and he replied to Ephron as everyone listened. "No, listen to me. I will buy it from you. Let me pay the full price for the field so I can bury my dead there."

<sup>14</sup>Ephron answered Abraham, <sup>15</sup>"My lord, please listen to me. The land is worth 400 pieces\* of silver, but what is that between friends? Go ahead and bury your dead."

<sup>16</sup>So Abraham agreed to Ephron's price and paid the amount he had suggested—400 pieces of silver, weighed according to the market standard. The Hittite elders witnessed the transaction.

<sup>17</sup>So Abraham bought the plot of land belonging to Ephron at Machpelah, near Mamre. This included the field itself, the cave that was in it, and all the surrounding trees. <sup>18</sup>It was transferred to Abraham as his permanent possession in the presence of the Hittite elders at the city gate. <sup>19</sup>Then Abraham buried his wife, Sarah, there in Canaan, in the cave of Machpelah, near

Mamre (also called Hebron). <sup>20</sup>So the field and the cave were transferred from the Hittites to Abraham for use as a permanent burial place.

#### CHAPTER 24

Abraham was now a very old man, and the LORD had blessed him in every way. <sup>2</sup>One day Abraham said to his oldest servant, the man in charge of his household, "Take an oath by putting your hand under my thigh. <sup>3</sup>Swear by the LORD, the God of heaven and earth, that you will not allow my son to marry one of these local Canaanite women. <sup>4</sup>Go instead to my homeland, to my relatives, and find a wife there for my son Isaac."

<sup>5</sup>The servant asked, "But what if I can't find a young woman who is willing to travel so far from home? Should I then take Isaac there to live among your relatives in the land you came from?"

6"No!" Abraham responded. "Be careful never to take my son there. <sup>7</sup>For the LORD, the God of heaven, who took me from my father's house and my native land, solemnly promised to give this land to my descendants.\* He will send his angel ahead of you, and he will see to it that you find a wife there for my son. <sup>8</sup>If she is unwilling to come back with you, then you are free from this oath of mine. But under no circumstances are you to take my son there."

°So the servant took an oath by putting his hand under the thigh of his master, Abraham. He swore to follow Abraham's instructions. ¹°Then he loaded ten of Abraham's camels with all kinds of expensive gifts from his master, and he traveled to distant Aramnaharaim. There he went to the town where Abraham's brother Nahor had settled. ¹¹He made the camels kneel beside a well just outside the town. It was evening, and the women were coming out to draw water.

<sup>12</sup>"O Lord, God of my master, Abraham," he prayed. "Please give me success today, and show unfailing love to my master, Abraham. <sup>13</sup>See, I am standing here beside this spring, and the young women of the town are coming out to draw water. <sup>14</sup>This is my request. I will ask one of them, 'Please give me a drink from your jug.' If she says, 'Yes, have a drink, and I will water your camels, too!'—let her be the one you have selected as Isaac's wife. This is how I will know that you have shown unfailing love to my master."

<sup>15</sup> Before he had finished praying, he saw a young woman named Rebekah coming out with her water jug on her shoulder. She was the daughter of Bethuel, who was the son of Abraham's brother Nahor and his wife, Milcah. <sup>16</sup>Rebekah was very beautiful and old enough to be married, but she was still a virgin. She went down to the spring, filled her jug, and came up again. <sup>17</sup>Running over to her, the servant said, "Please give me a little drink of water from your jug."

<sup>18</sup>"Yes, my lord," she answered, "have a drink." And she quickly lowered her jug from her shoulder and gave him a drink. <sup>19</sup>When she had given him a drink, she said, "I'll draw water for your camels, too, until they have had enough to drink." <sup>20</sup>So she quickly emptied her jug into the watering trough and ran back to the well to draw water for all his camels.

<sup>21</sup>The servant watched her in silence, wondering whether or not the LORD had given him success in his mission. <sup>22</sup>Then at last, when the camels had finished drinking, he took out a gold ring for her nose and two large gold bracelets\* for her wrists.

<sup>23</sup>"Whose daughter are you?" he asked. "And please tell me, would your father have any room to put us up for the night?"

<sup>24</sup>"I am the daughter of Bethuel," she replied. "My grandparents are Nahor and Milcah. <sup>25</sup>Yes, we have plenty of straw and feed for the camels, and we have room for guests."

<sup>26</sup>The man bowed low and worshiped the LORD. <sup>27</sup>"Praise the LORD, the God of my master, Abraham," he said. "The LORD has shown unfailing love and faithfulness to my master, for he has led me straight to my master's relatives."

<sup>28</sup>The young woman ran home to tell her family everything that had happened. <sup>29</sup>Now Rebekah had a brother named

Laban, who ran out to meet the man at the spring. <sup>30</sup>He had seen the nose-ring and the bracelets on his sister's wrists, and had heard Rebekah tell what the man had said. So he rushed out to the spring, where the man was still standing beside his camels. Laban said to him, <sup>31</sup>"Come and stay with us, you who are blessed by the Lord! Why are you standing here outside the town when I have a room all ready for you and a place prepared for the camels?"

<sup>32</sup>So the man went home with Laban, and Laban unloaded the camels, gave him straw for their bedding, fed them, and provided water for the man and the camel drivers to wash their feet. <sup>33</sup>Then food was served. But Abraham's servant said, "I don't want to eat until I have told you why I have come."

"All right," Laban said, "tell us."

<sup>34</sup>"I am Abraham's servant," he explained. <sup>35</sup>"And the Lord has greatly blessed my master; he has become a wealthy man. The LORD has given him flocks of sheep and goats, herds of cattle, a fortune in silver and gold, and many male and female servants and camels and donkeys.

<sup>36</sup>"When Sarah, my master's wife, was very old, she gave birth to my master's son, and my master has given him everything he owns. <sup>37</sup>And my master made me take an oath. He said, 'Do not allow my son to marry one of these local Canaanite women. <sup>38</sup>Go instead to my father's house, to my relatives, and find a wife there for my son.'

<sup>39</sup>"But I said to my master, 'What if I can't find a young woman who is willing to go back with me?' <sup>40</sup>He responded, 'The Lord, in whose presence I have lived, will send his angel with you and will make your mission successful. Yes, you must find a wife for my son from among my relatives, from my father's family. <sup>41</sup>Then you will have fulfilled your obligation. But if you go to my relatives and they refuse to let her go with you, you will be free from my oath.'

<sup>42</sup>"So today when I came to the spring, I prayed this prayer: 'O LORD, God of my master, Abraham, please give me success on this mission. <sup>43</sup>See, I am standing here beside this spring. This is my request. When a young woman comes to draw water, I will

say to her, "Please give me a little drink of water from your jug." <sup>44</sup>If she says, "Yes, have a drink, and I will draw water for your camels, too," let her be the one you have selected to be the wife of my master's son.'

<sup>45</sup>"Before I had finished praying in my heart, I saw Rebekah coming out with her water jug on her shoulder. She went down to the spring and drew water. So I said to her, 'Please give me a drink.' <sup>46</sup>She quickly lowered her jug from her shoulder and said, 'Yes, have a drink, and I will water your camels, too!' So I drank, and then she watered the camels.

<sup>47</sup>"Then I asked, 'Whose daughter are you?' She replied, 'I am the daughter of Bethuel, and my grandparents are Nahor and Milcah.' So I put the ring on her nose, and the bracelets on her wrists.

<sup>48</sup>"Then I bowed low and worshiped the LORD. I praised the LORD, the God of my master, Abraham, because he had led me straight to my master's niece to be his son's wife. <sup>49</sup>So tell me—will you or won't you show unfailing love and faithfulness to my master? Please tell me yes or no, and then I'll know what to do next."

<sup>50</sup>Then Laban and Bethuel replied, "The LORD has obviously brought you here, so there is nothing we can say. <sup>51</sup>Here is Rebekah; take her and go. Yes, let her be the wife of your master's son, as the LORD has directed."

<sup>52</sup>When Abraham's servant heard their answer, he bowed down to the ground and worshiped the Lord. <sup>53</sup>Then he brought out silver and gold jewelry and clothing and presented them to Rebekah. He also gave expensive presents to her brother and mother. <sup>54</sup>Then they ate their meal, and the servant and the men with him stayed there overnight.

But early the next morning, Abraham's servant said, "Send me back to my master."

55"But we want Rebekah to stay with us at least ten days," her brother and mother said. "Then she can go."

56 But he said, "Don't delay me. The LORD has made my mission successful; now send me back so I can return to my master."

<sup>57</sup>"Well," they said, "we'll call Rebekah and ask her what she thinks." <sup>58</sup>So they

called Rebekah. "Are you willing to go with this man?" they asked her.

And she replied, "Yes, I will go."

<sup>59</sup>So they said good-bye to Rebekah and sent her away with Abraham's servant and his men. The woman who had been Rebekah's childhood nurse went along with her. <sup>60</sup>They gave her this blessing as she parted:

"Our sister, may you become the mother of many millions! May your descendants be strong and conquer the cities of their enemies."

61 Then Rebekah and her servant girls mounted the camels and followed the man. So Abraham's servant took Rebekah and went on his way.

62 Meanwhile, Isaac, whose home was in the Negev, had returned from Beerlahai-roi. 63 One evening as he was walking and meditating in the fields, he looked up and saw the camels coming. 64 When Rebekah looked up and saw Isaac, she quickly dismounted from her camel. 65 "Who is that man walking through the fields to meet us?" she asked the servant.

And he replied, "It is my master." So Rebekah covered her face with her veil. 66 Then the servant told Isaac everything he had done.

<sup>67</sup>And Isaac brought Rebekah into his mother Sarah's tent, and she became his wife. He loved her deeply, and she was a special comfort to him after the death of his mother.

# 

chapter 25		chapt	er 26
Birth of twins 1-26	Battle for a birthright 27-34	Deception in Gerar 1-11	Dispute in Gerar 12-35
Isaac's family		Isaac's faith	and failures

**OVERVIEW** Isaac's family, though presented only briefly in the book of Genesis, is immensely significant. Through Isaac God's promise to Abraham continues to unfold: "I will give all these lands to you and your descendants, just as I solemnly promised Abraham, your father" (26:3). Born to Isaac are twin sons, who would later be the fathers of twin nations: Jacob (Israel) and Esau (Edom).

#### CHAPTER 25

Abraham married another wife, whose name was Keturah. <sup>2</sup>She gave birth to Zimran, Jokshan, Medan, Midian, Ishbak, and Shuah. <sup>3</sup>Jokshan was the father of Sheba and Dedan. Dedan's descendants were the Asshurites, Letushites, and Leummites. <sup>4</sup>Midian's sons were Ephah, Epher, Hanoch, Abida, and Eldaah. These were all descendants of Abraham through Keturah.

<sup>5</sup>Abraham gave everything he owned to

his son Isaac. <sup>6</sup>But before he died, he gave gifts to the sons of his concubines and sent them off to a land in the east, away from Isaac.

<sup>7</sup>Abraham lived for 175 years, <sup>8</sup>and he died at a ripe old age, having lived a long and satisfying life. He breathed his last and joined his ancestors in death. <sup>9</sup>His sons Isaac and Ishmael buried him in the cave of Machpelah, near Mamre, in the field of Ephron son of Zohar the Hittite. <sup>10</sup>This was

#### INSIGHT

Abraham's Life—Filled to the Brim 25:8 The original Hebrew text of 25:8 can be translated, "Then Abraham . . . died in a good old age, an old man and full." When Abraham breathed his last, he was full, not only of years, but also of valuable life experience. He had faced trials and temptations that grew his character, he had achieved victories and prosperity, and he had received reminders that God's promises to his posterity would surely come to pass.

the field Abraham had purchased from the Hittites and where he had buried his wife Sarah. <sup>11</sup> After Abraham's death, God blessed his son Isaac, who settled near Beerlahai-roi in the Negev.

<sup>12</sup>This is the account of the family of Ishmael, the son of Abraham through Hagar, Sarah's Egyptian servant. <sup>13</sup>Here is a list, by their names and clans, of Ishmael's descendants: The oldest was Nebajoth, followed by Kedar, Adbeel, Mibsam, 14Mishma, Dumah, Massa, 15 Hadad, Tema, Jetur, Naphish, and Kedemah. 16These twelve sons of Ishmael became the founders of twelve tribes named after them, listed according to the places they settled and camped. 17 Ishmael lived for 137 years. Then he breathed his last and joined his ancestors in death. 18 Ishmael's descendants occupied the region from Havilah to Shur, which is east of Egypt in the direction of Asshur. There they lived in open hostility toward all their relatives.\*

<sup>19</sup>This is the account of the family of Isaac, the son of Abraham. <sup>20</sup>When Isaac was forty years old, he married Rebekah, the daughter of Bethuel the Aramean from Paddan-aram and the sister of Laban the Aramean.

<sup>21</sup>Isaac pleaded with the LORD on behalf of his wife, because she was unable to have children. The LORD answered Isaac's prayer, and Rebekah became pregnant with twins. <sup>22</sup>But the two children struggled with each other in her womb. So she went to ask the LORD about it. "Why is this happening to me?" she asked.

<sup>23</sup>And the LORD told her, "The sons in your womb will become two nations. From the very beginning, the two nations will be rivals. One nation will be stronger than the other; and your older son will serve your younger son."

<sup>24</sup>And when the time came to give birth, Rebekah discovered that she did indeed have twins! <sup>25</sup>The first one was very red at birth and covered with thick hair like a fur coat. So they named him Esau.\* <sup>26</sup>Then the other twin was born with his hand grasping Esau's heel. So they named him Jacob.\* Isaac was sixty years old when the twins were born.

<sup>27</sup>As the boys grew up, Esau became a skillful hunter. He was an outdoorsman, but Jacob had a quiet temperament, preferring to stay at home. <sup>28</sup>Isaac loved Esau because he enjoyed eating the wild game Esau brought home, but Rebekah loved Jacob.

<sup>29</sup>One day when Jacob was cooking some stew, Esau arrived home from the wilderness exhausted and hungry. <sup>30</sup>Esau said to Jacob, "I'm starved! Give me some of that red stew!" (This is how Esau got his other name, Edom, which means "red.")

<sup>31</sup>"All right," Jacob replied, "but trade me your rights as the firstborn son."

<sup>32</sup>"Look, I'm dying of starvation!" said Esau. "What good is my birthright to me now?"

<sup>33</sup>But Jacob said, "First you must swear that your birthright is mine." So Esau swore an oath, thereby selling all his rights as the firstborn to his brother, Jacob.

<sup>34</sup>Then Jacob gave Esau some bread and lentil stew. Esau ate the meal, then got up

#### IINSIGHT

#### Miracle Births 25:21

The patriarchs' wives—Sarah, Rebekah, and Rachel—after facing years of humiliating barrenness, finally each conceived through the miracle-working power of God. Mary, the mother of Jesus the Messiah, also experienced a divinely arranged conception. Her Son has partially fulfilled—and will one day completely fulfill—the prophecy given to Rebekah in Genesis 24:60: "May your descendents be strong and conquer the cities of their enemies."

and left. He showed contempt for his rights as the firstborn.

#### CHAPTER 26

A severe famine now struck the land, as had happened before in Abraham's time. So Isaac moved to Gerar, where Abimelech, king of the Philistines, lived.

<sup>2</sup>The Lord appeared to Isaac and said, "Do not go down to Egypt, but do as I tell you. 3Live here as a foreigner in this land, and I will be with you and bless you. I hereby confirm that I will give all these lands to you and your descendants,\* just as I solemnly promised Abraham, your father. 4I will cause your descendants to become as numerous as the stars of the sky, and I will give them all these lands. And through your descendants all the nations of the earth will be blessed. 5I will do this because Abraham listened to me and obeyed all my requirements, commands, decrees, and instructions." 6So Isaac stayed in Gerar.

<sup>7</sup>When the men who lived there asked Isaac about his wife, Rebekah, he said, "She is my sister." He was afraid to say, "She is my wife." He thought, "They will kill me to get her, because she is so beautiful." \*But some time later, Abimelech, king of the Philistines, looked out his window and saw Isaac caressing Rebekah.

<sup>9</sup>Immediately, Abimelech called for Isaac and exclaimed, "She is obviously your wife! Why did you say, 'She is my sister'?"

"Because I was afraid someone would kill me to get her from me," Isaac replied.

<sup>10</sup>"How could you do this to us?" Abimelech exclaimed. "One of my people might easily have taken your wife and slept with her, and you would have made us guilty of great sin."

<sup>11</sup>Then Abimelech issued a public proclamation: "Anyone who touches this man or his wife will be put to death!"

<sup>12</sup>When Isaac planted his crops that year, he harvested a hundred times more grain than he planted, for the LORD blessed him. <sup>13</sup>He became a very rich man, and his wealth continued to grow. <sup>14</sup>He acquired so many

# MY DAILY WALK

List everything you know about the life of Isaac. Then compare it with the following paragraph.

Isaac was Abraham's son, Rebekah's husband, and Jacob and Esau's father. He imitated his father and was tricked by his son. He dug a few wells. He generally did what God told him to do without much fanfare.

How would you like your epitaph to read: "He generally did what God told him to do"? There's not much glamour in quiet faithfulness, but as far as God is concerned, it's more important than just about anything else. Maybe that's one reason Isaac gets equal billing with his father and son every time God identifies himself as "the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob."

Has the Lord assigned you a supporting role that escapes the notice of the crowd? Not everyone can function without applause, but apparently God knows that you can by his grace. Thank God for the privilege of serving him, and ask him for that same steadfastness of spirit.



flocks of sheep and goats, herds of cattle, and servants that the Philistines became jealous of him. <sup>15</sup>So the Philistines filled up all of Isaac's wells with dirt. These were the wells that had been dug by the servants of his father. Abraham.

<sup>16</sup>Finally, Abimelech ordered Isaac to leave the country. "Go somewhere else," he said, "for you have become too powerful for us."

<sup>17</sup>So Isaac moved away to the Gerar Valley, where he set up their tents and settled down. <sup>18</sup>He reopened the wells his father had dug, which the Philistines had filled in after Abraham's death. Isaac also restored the names Abraham had given them.

<sup>19</sup>Isaac's servants also dug in the Gerar Valley and discovered a well of fresh water. <sup>20</sup>But then the shepherds from Gerar came and claimed the spring. "This is our water," they said, and they argued over it with Isaac's herdsmen. So Isaac named the well Esek (which means "argument"). 21 Isaac's men then dug another well, but again there was a dispute over it. So Isaac named it Sitnah (which means "hostility"). 22 Abandoning that one, Isaac moved on and dug another well. This time there was no dispute over it, so Isaac named the place Rehoboth (which means "open space"), for he said, "At last the LORD has created enough space for us to prosper in this land."

<sup>23</sup>From there Isaac moved to Beersheba, <sup>24</sup>where the Lord appeared to him on the night of his arrival. "I am the God of your father, Abraham," he said. "Do not be afraid, for I am with you and will bless you. I will multiply your descendants, and they will become a great nation. I will do this because of my promise to Abraham, my servant." <sup>25</sup>Then Isaac built an altar there and worshiped the Lord. He set up his camp at that place, and his servants dug another well.

<sup>26</sup>One day King Abimelech came from Gerar with his adviser, Ahuzzath, and also

Phicol, his army commander. <sup>27</sup>"Why have you come here?" Isaac asked. "You obviously hate me, since you kicked me off your land."

<sup>28</sup>They replied, "We can plainly see that the LORD is with you. So we want to enter into a sworn treaty with you. Let's make a covenant. <sup>29</sup>Swear that you will not harm us, just as we have never troubled you. We have always treated you well, and we sent you away from us in peace. And now look how the LORD has blessed you!"

<sup>30</sup>So Isaac prepared a covenant feast to celebrate the treaty, and they ate and drank together. <sup>31</sup>Early the next morning, they each took a solemn oath not to interfere with each other. Then Isaac sent them home again, and they left him in peace.

<sup>32</sup>That very day Isaac's servants came and told him about a new well they had dug. "We've found water!" they exclaimed. <sup>33</sup>So Isaac named the well Shibah (which means "oath"). And to this day the town that grew up there is called Beersheba (which means "well of the oath").

<sup>34</sup>At the age of forty, Esau married two Hittite wives: Judith, the daughter of Beeri, and Basemath, the daughter of Elon. <sup>35</sup>But Esau's wives made life miserable for Isaac and Rebekah.

# \* WALK 11 .... JANUARY 11 Jacob's Dream and Flight from Esau GENESIS 27-31

chapter 27	chapter 28	chapters 29–30	chapter 31
Jacob's stolen blessing	Jacob's dream at Bethel	Jacob's family	Jacob's flight
Leavin	g home	Longing for home	

**OVERVIEW** The conflict that began in their mother's womb carries over into the adult lives of Esau and Jacob. After following Rebekah's plan to trick Isaac into giving him the patriarchal blessing, Jacob flees to Haran for safety. En route, he receives assurance from God in a dream that he is indeed the heir to the covenant promises. After twenty years in Haran learning painful lessons from his uncle Laban, Jacob returns to Canaan with his livestock, servants, and family—the nucleus from which God will fashion a new nation, Israel.

# Pathways through THE DAILY WALK BIBLE

Walk	through the story	through the text	through the	vear
matik	emough the story	through the text	- timough the	. yeur
1	"In the Beginning"	Genesis 1–2	Jan. 1	p. 4
2	From Paradise to Pain	Genesis 3-5	Jan. 2	p. 7
3	Noah's Boat and God's Judgment	Genesis 6-9	Jan. 3	p. 11
4	Construction and Confusion	Genesis 10-11	Jan. 4	p. 15
5	Abram's Call and God's Promises	Genesis 12-14	Jan. 5	p. 18
6	God's Covenant with Abram	Genesis 15-17	Jan. 6	p. 21
7	The God You Can Know	Various	Jan. 7	p. 24
8	God's Judgment on Sodom	Genesis 18-20	Jan. 8	p. 25
9	Isaac—God's Promise in Flesh and Blood	Genesis 21-24	Jan. 9	p. 29
10	Isaac's Family and Fortune	Genesis 25-26	Jan. 10	p. 35
11	Jacob's Dream and Flight from Esau	Genesis 27-31	Jan. 11	p. 38
12	Jacob's Encounter with Esau	Genesis 32-36	Jan. 12	p. 46
13	Joseph's Slavery in Egypt	Genesis 37-40	Jan. 13	p. 53
14	A Faith That Stands the Test of Time	Various	Jan. 14	p. 58
15	Joseph's Brothers in Egypt	Genesis 41-44	Jan. 15	p. 59
16	Joseph's Family United in Egypt	Genesis 45-47	Jan. 16	p. 65
17	The Last Days of Jacob and Joseph	Genesis 48-50	Jan. 17	p. 70
18	Birth of Moses	Exodus 1–2	Jan. 18	p. 76
19	Confrontation with Pharaoh	Exodus 3-6	Jan. 19	p. 78
20	First Nine Plagues in Egypt	Exodus 7-10	Jan. 20	p. 84
21	Choices That Affect Your Destiny	Various	Jan. 21	p. 89
22	Tenth Plague, Passover, and Exodus	Exodus 11-12	Jan. 22	p. 90
23	Crossing the Red Sea	Exodus 13-15	Jan. 23	p. 93
24	Israel's Journey to Mount Sinai	Exodus 16-18	Jan. 24	p. 98
25	The Ten Commandments	Exodus 19-20	Jan. 25	p. 102
26	Civil and Ceremonial Laws	Exodus 21–24	Jan. 26	p. 105
27	Design of the Tabernacle	Exodus 25-27	Jan. 27	p. 110
28	Father Knows Best	Various	Jan. 28	p. 114
29	Special Instructions for Priests	Exodus 28-31	Jan. 29	p. 115
30	Incident of the Gold Calf	Exodus 32-34	Jan. 30	p. 121
31	Tabernacle Erected and Occupied	Exodus 35-40	Jan. 31	p. 126

Walk	through the story	through the text	through th	ne year
32	Three Voluntary Offerings	Leviticus 1–3	Feb. 1	p. 136
33	Two Compulsory Offerings	Leviticus 4-7	Feb. 2	p. 139
34	Priestly Orders and Offense	Leviticus 8-10	Feb. 3	p. 144
35	Personal Purity in Daily Life	Leviticus 11-15	Feb. 4	p. 148
36	The Holiest Day of the Year	Leviticus 16-17	Feb. 5	p. 157
37	A Holy People Uniquely His	Leviticus 18-20	Feb. 6	p. 160
38	A Blueprint for Worship	Various	Feb. 7	p. 164
39	Priestly Purity	Leviticus 21–23	Feb. 8	p. 165
40	Future Purity in the Promised Land	Leviticus 24-27	Feb. 9	p. 170
41	The Nation Counted and Camped	Numbers 1-4	Feb. 10	p. 178
42	The Nation Cleansed for Worship	Numbers 5-8	Feb. 11	p. 184
43	The Nation Commences the Journey	Numbers 9-12	Feb. 12	p. 191
44	Rebellion and Death in the Wilderness	Numbers 13-16	Feb. 13	p. 196
45	Holy Habits for a Holy People	Various	Feb. 14	p. 202
46	The Staff, Red Heifer, and Rebellion	Numbers 17-20	Feb. 15	p. 203
47	The Bronze Snake and Brash Seer	Numbers 21-25	Feb. 16	p. 208
48	Recounting and Reviewing	Numbers 26-30	Feb. 17	p. 215
49	The Last Days of a Great Leader	Numbers 31-33	Feb. 18	p. 222
50	Laws of the Promised Land	Numbers 34-36	Feb. 19	p. 227
51	Reviewing the Wanderings	Deuteronomy 1-4	Feb. 20	p. 232
52	Lessons in the Wilderness	Various	Feb. 21	p. 239
53	Reviewing God's Demands	Deuteronomy 5-7	Feb. 22	p. 240
54	Remembering Lessons in Obedience	Deuteronomy 8-11	Feb. 23	p. 244
55	Religious Laws for Canaan	Deuteronomy 12-16	Feb. 24	p. 249
56	Civil Laws for Canaan	Deuteronomy 17-20	Feb. 25	p. 254
57	Societal Laws for Canaan	Deuteronomy 21–26	Feb. 26	p. 258
58	Commitment to the Covenant	Deuteronomy 27–30	Feb. 27	p. 264
59	Farewell and Death of Moses	Deuteronomy 31–34	Feb. 28	p. 270
60	All God Requires	Various	Feb. 29	p. 277
61	Preparation of the People for War	Joshua 1–5	Mar. 1	p. 280
62	Central Campaign	Joshua 6–8	Mar. 2	p. 285
63	Moving South and North	Joshua 9–12	Mar. 3	p. 289
64	Portions for Five Tribes	Joshua 13–17	Mar. 4	p. 295
65	Portions for Seven Tribes	Joshua 18–21	Mar. 5	p. 301
66	Joshua's Last Words	Joshua 22–24	Mar. 6	p. 306
67	Leading the Way	Various	Mar. 7	p. 310
68	First Four Judges	Judges 1–5	Mar. 8	p. 313
69	Gideon, the Hesitant Hero	Judges 6–8	Mar. 9	p. 320
70	Gideon's Son and Six Judges	Judges 9–12	Mar. 10	p. 325
71	Samson, the Carnal Champion	Judges 13-16	Mar. 11	p. 330
72	Two Examples of National Degradation	Judges 17-21	Mar. 12	p. 336
73	Ruth: An Old Testament Love Story	Ruth 1-4	Mar. 13	p. 344
74	Against the Odds	Various	Mar. 14	p. 348

Walk	through the story	through the text	through t	he year
75	Samuel, the Dedicated Servant	1 Samuel 1–3	Mar. 15	p. 351
76	Samuel, the Faithful Servant	1 Samuel 4-8	Mar. 16	p. 355
77	Saul, the Chosen King	1 Samuel 9-12	Mar. 17	p. 360
78	Saul, the Rejected King	1 Samuel 13-15	Mar. 18	p. 365
79	David, the Secret King-Elect	1 Samuel 16-19	Mar. 19	p. 370
80	David, the Pursued King-Elect	1 Samuel 20-23	Mar. 20	p. 376
81	True Strength	Various	Mar. 21	p. 381
82	David, the Recognized King-Elect	1 Samuel 24-26	Mar. 22	p. 382
83	David, the Exiled King-Elect	1 Samuel 27-31	Mar. 23	p. 386
84	David, King of Judah	2 Samuel 1-4	Mar. 24	p. 392
85	David's Reign over a United Nation	2 Samuel 5-7	Mar. 25	p. 397
86	David's Growing Kingdom	2 Samuel 8-10	Mar. 26	p. 401
87	David's Tragic Downfall	2 Samuel 11-14	Mar. 27	p. 404
88	Learning to WOTL	Various	Mar. 28	p. 410
89	Absalom's Quest to Rule	2 Samuel 15–18	Mar. 29	p. 411
90	David's Return to the Throne	2 Samuel 19-20	Mar. 30	p. 417
91	David's Final Words and Acts	2 Samuel 21–24	Mar. 31	p. 421
92	Solomon's Commission:			
	A Throne from God	1 Kings 1–4	Apr. 1	p. 429
93	Solomon's Construction:			
	A Temple for God	1 Kings 5–8	Apr. 2	p. 436
94	Solomon's Compromise:			
	Turning from God	1 Kings 9–11	Apr. 3	p. 443
95	Israel's Civil War	1 Kings 12–16	Apr. 4	p. 448
96	Ahab's Battle with Elijah	1 Kings 17–19	Apr. 5	p. 456
97	Ahab's Battle with Aram	1 Kings 20–22	Apr. 6	p. 460
98	The Danger of a Divided Heart	Various	Apr. 7	p. 466
99	Reign of Joram	2 Kings 1–3	Apr. 8	p. 469
100	Record of Elisha	2 Kings 4–8	Apr. 9	p. 473
101	Jehu's Revenge, Joash's Reforms	2 Kings 9–12	Apr. 10	p. 480
102	Ruin of Israel	2 Kings 13–17	Apr. 11	p. 486
103	Reforms of Hezekiah	2 Kings 18–21	Apr. 12	p. 494
104	Ruin of Judah	2 Kings 22–25	Apr. 13	p. 500
105	Prayers God Delights to Answer	Various	Apr. 14	p. 506
106	David's Ancestors	1 Chronicles 1-9	Apr. 15	p. 509
107	David's Early Years as King	1 Chronicles 10–16	Apr. 16	p. 521
108	David's Kingdom and Covenant	1 Chronicles 17–21	Apr. 17	p. 530
109	David's Preparations for the Temple	1 Chronicles 22–27	Apr. 18	p. 535
110	David's Final Words and Deeds	1 Chronicles 28–29	Apr. 19	p. 542
111	Solomon's Magnificent Temple	2 Chronicles 1-5	Apr. 20	p. 547
112	Sounds of Celebration	Various	Apr. 21	p. 552
113	Solomon's Worship and Works	2 Chronicles 6-9	Apr. 22	p. 553
114	Rebellion against Rehoboam	2 Chronicles 10–12	Apr. 23	p. 559

Walk	through the story	through the text	through th	e year
115	Reigns of Abijah and Asa	2 Chronicles 13–16	Apr. 24	p. 562
116	Reform under Jehoshaphat	2 Chronicles 17-20	Apr. 25	p. 566
117	Reigns of Jehoram to Amaziah	2 Chronicles 21–25	Apr. 26	p. 571
118	Reigns of Uzziah to Ahaz	2 Chronicles 26-28	Apr. 27	p. 577
119	Ageless Obedience	Various	Apr. 28	p. 581
120	Reform under Hezekiah	2 Chronicles 29–32	Apr. 29	p. 582
121	Reigns of Judah's Last Kings	2 Chronicles 33–36	Apr. 30	p. 582
122	Commission of the Temple Builders	Ezra 1–3	May 1	p. 596
123	Completion of the Temple Project	Ezra 4-6	May 2	p. 599
124	Commission of the Spiritual Leaders	Ezra 7–8	May 3	p. 604
125	Completion of the Spiritual Reforms	Ezra 9-10	May 4	p. 607
126	Wall Plans Conceived	Nehemiah 1-2	May 5	p. 612
127	Wall Plans Commenced	Nehemiah 3-4	May 6	p. 614
128	Strength of the Lord	Various	May 7	p. 618
129	Wall Plans Concluded	Nehemiah 5-8:1	May 8	p. 619
130	Renewed Worship Commenced	Nehemiah 8:2-10:39	May 9	p. 623
131	Renewed Nation Cleansed	Nehemiah 11-13	May 10	p. 628
132	Esther's Exaltation	Esther 1–2	May 11	p. 635
133	Haman's Cunning Plot	Esther 3–4	May 12	p. 638
134	Haman's Humiliation	Esther 5–7	May 13	p. 640
135	Going and Coming with God	Various	May 14	p. 643
136	Mordecai's Exaltation	Esther 8–10	May 15	p. 644
137	Controversy between the Lord and Satan	Job 1-3	May 16	p. 649
138	Eliphaz and Job/First Debate	Job 4-7	May 17	p. 652
139	Bildad and Job/First Debate	Job 8-10	May 18	p. 656
140	Zophar and Job/First Debate	Job 11-14	May 19	p. 659
141	Eliphaz and Job/Second Debate	Job 15-17	May 20	p. 663
142	Our God Reigns	Various	May 21	p. 667
143	Bildad and Job/Second Debate	Job 18-19	May 22	p. 668
144	Zophar and Job/Second Debate	Job 20-21	May 23	p. 670
145	Eliphaz Silenced/Third Debate	Job 22-24	May 24	p. 673
146	Bildad and Zophar Silenced/			
	Third Debate	Job 25-28	May 25	p. 676
147	Job's Final Plea/Third Debate	Job 29-31	May 26	p. 679
148	Elihu and Job/Part One	Job 32–34	May 27	p. 683
149	Searching for Answers			
	(in All the Wrong Places)	Various	May 28	p. 687
150	Elihu and Job/Part Two	Job 35-37	May 29	p. 688
151	Controversy between the Lord and Job	Job 38-39	May 30	p. 691
152	Job's Response and Reward	Job 40-42	May 31	p. 694
153	The Last Laugh	Psalms 1-6	June 1	p. 699
154	Let's Just Praise the Lord	Psalms 7–12	June 2	p. 702
155	No Fooling	Psalms 13-18	June 3	p. 706

# page 1647...PATHWAYS THROUGH THE DAILY WALK BIBLE

Walk	through the story	through the text	through th	ne year
156 157	In God We Trust Praise and Thanks	Psalms 19–24 Psalms 25–30	June 4 June 5	p. 710 p. 715
158 159	A Musical Manifesto Hitting the Prophetic Bull's-Eye	Psalms 31–35 Various	June 6 June 7	p. 719 p. 724
160 161	Looking Up from Down Under A Mighty Fortress	Psalms 36–41 Psalms 42–49	June 8 June 9	p. 725 p. 730
162 163	Betrayed but Triumphant The Link of Faith	Psalms 50–54 Psalms 55–59	June 10 June 11	p. 735 p. 739
164 165	Through the Night Watches Your Burden Bearer	Psalms 60-66 Psalms 67-72	June 12 June 13	p. 743 p. 747
166	It's All in the Call	Various	June 14	p. 753
167 168	People's Questions, God's Answers Warmth for Cold Hearts	Psalms 73-77 Psalms 78-83	June 15 June 16	p. 754 p. 758
169 170 171	A Promise-Keeping God God's Seal of Approval A Joyful Noise	Psalms 84–89 Psalms 90–97 Psalms 98–103	June 17 June 18 June 19	p. 764 p. 769 p. 774
171 172 173	Growing or Groaning? Don't Forget to Remember	Psalms 104-106 Various	June 20 June 21	p. 774 p. 778 p. 783
174 175	Handling Slander/Psalm 109 God Understands	Psalms 107-110 Psalms 111-118	June 22 June 23	p. 784 p. 788
176 177	The Riches of God's Revelation Hymns of the Highway	Psalm 119 Psalms 120-127	June 24 June 25	р. 788 р. 792 р. 798
178 179	Portraits of Harmony The God Who Is There	Psalms 128-134 Psalms 135-139	June 26 June 27	p. 801 p. 803
180 181	Thanks, and Thanks Again A Heart like God's	Various Psalms 140–145	June 28 June 29	p. 807
182 183	A Lifestyle of Praise A Father's Words of Wisdom	Psalms 146-150 Proverbs 1-4	June 30 July 1	p. 808 p. 812 p. 817
184 185	A Father's Exhortation on Wisdom Wisdom vs. Folly	Proverbs 5–9 Proverbs 10–13	July 2 July 3	p. 817 p. 821 p. 827
186 187	Wisdom in Daily Conduct Wisdom in Daily Choices	Proverbs 14–17 Proverbs 18–21	July 4 July 5	p. 832 p. 837
188 189	Words of Wise Men	Proverbs 22–24 Various	July 6 July 7	p. 842 p. 846
190 191	Wise Words from the King Alphabet of a Virtuous Wife	Proverbs 25–29 Proverbs 30–31	July 8 July 9	p. 847 p. 853
192 193	Exploring Life's Inconsistencies Explaining Life's Inconsistencies	Ecclesiastes 1–6 Ecclesiastes 7–12	July 10 July 11	p. 858 p. 863
194 195	Extolling Marital Love Judah's Shallow Religion	Song of Songs 1–8 Isaiah 1–4	July 12 July 13	p. 869 p. 877
196	Search for Significance	Various	July 14	p. 882
197 198	Judah's Untamed Wickedness Judah's Darkness and Dawn	Isaiah 5–8 Isaiah 9–12	July 15 July 16	p. 883 p. 888

Walk	through the story	through the text	through t	he year
199	Woe unto Them	Isaiah 13–16	July 17	p. 893
200	Collapse from Corruption	Isaiah 17-20	July 18	p. 898
201	Judgment Near and Far	Isaiah 21-23	July 19	p. 902
202	Judgment and Jubilation	Isaiah 24-27	July 20	p. 906
203	As Good As Done	Various	July 21	p. 910
204	A Painful Example	Isaiah 28–30	July 22	p. 911
205	Coming Destruction, Coming King	Isaiah 31-35	July 23	p. 917
206	Judah's Day of Judgment	Isaiah 36-39	July 24	p. 922
207	Mighty Lord vs. Idle Idols	Isaiah 40-43	July 25	p. 927
208	God's Choice and Babylon's Fall	Isaiah 44-48	July 26	p. 934
209	The Prince of Peace	Isaiah 49-51	July 27	p. 941
210	Walking in the Light	Various	July 28	p. 945
211	The Suffering Servant	Isaiah 52-57	July 29	p. 946
212	Consummation of Judgment	Isaiah 58-62	July 30	p. 953
213	Isaiah's Prayer and the Lord's Reply	Isaiah 63-66	July 31	p. 958
214	Judah in Jeopardy of Judgment	Jeremiah 1-6	Aug. 1	p. 966
215	Judah in Idolatry	Jeremiah 7-10	Aug. 2	p. 976
216	Judah in Rebellion	Jeremiah 11-15	Aug. 3	p. 982
217	Judah in the Potter's Hand	Jeremiah 16-20	Aug. 4	p. 989
218	Judah in a Leadership Crisis	Jeremiah 21-25	Aug. 5	p. 995
219	Judah in Opposition to Jeremiah	Jeremiah 26-29	Aug. 6	p. 1002
220	The Death That Brings Life	Various	Aug. 7	p. 1006
221	Hope amidst Judgment	Jeremiah 30-33	Aug. 8	p. 1007
222	Before the Fall of Jerusalem	Jeremiah 34-36	Aug. 9	p. 1014
223	During the Fall of Jerusalem	Jeremiah 37-39	Aug. 10	p. 1018
224	After the Fall of Jerusalem	Jeremiah 40-45	Aug. 11	p. 1022
225	The Fall of Jerusalem	Jeremiah 46-52	Aug. 12	p. 1027
226	Wailing without a Wall	Lamentations 1–5	Aug. 13	p. 1044
227	Light in the Darkest Hour	Various	Aug. 14	p. 1052
228	Ezekiel's Vision and Call	Ezekiel 1–6	Aug. 15	p. 1054
229	Sins and Sorrows	Ezekiel 7–11	Aug. 16	p. 1059
230	Signs and Sermons	Ezekiel 12–15	Aug. 17	p. 1064
231	Parables of Judgment for Judah	Ezekiel 16–19	Aug. 18	p. 1068
232	Swords and Signposts	Ezekiel 20–23	Aug. 19	p. 1074
233	Judgment East and West	Ezekiel 24–28	Aug. 20	p. 1081
234	Then You Will Know	Various	Aug. 21	p. 1087
235	Judgment on Egypt	Ezekiel 29–32	Aug. 22	p. 1088
236	Watchman on the Wall	Ezekiel 33–36	Aug. 23	p. 1094
237	Gog and Magog	Ezekiel 37–39	Aug. 24	p. 1099
238	New Temple for Israel	Ezekiel 40–43	Aug. 25	p. 1103
239	New Worship for Israel	Ezekiel 44–48	Aug. 26	p. 1109
240	Daniel's Friends in the Furnace	Daniel 1–3	Aug. 27	p. 1117
241	Watching and Waiting	Various	Aug. 28	p. 1122

Walk	through the story	through the text	through the year
242	Daniel's Faith in the Lions' Den	Daniel 4–6	Aug. 29 p. 1123
243	Beasts, Kings, and Seventy Weeks	Daniel 7–9	Aug. 30 p. 1128
244	Previews of Israel's Future	Daniel 10–12	Aug. 31 p. 1133
245	Moral Sins of Gomer	Hosea 1-3	Sept. 1 p. 1139
246	National Sins of Israel	Hosea 4-6	Sept. 2 p. 1142
247	International Sins of Israel	Hosea 7-8	Sept. 3 p. 1145
248	Promise of Israel's Ruin	Hosea 9-11	Sept. 4 p. 1148
249	Promise of Israel's Renewal	Hosea 12-14	Sept. 5 p. 1152
250	Locusts and the Day of the Lord	Joel 1-3	Sept. 6 p. 1156
251	Faithfulness through the Years	Various	Sept. 7 p. 1161
252	The Funnel of Fire	Amos 1–2	Sept. 8 p. 1163
253	A Fallen Family	Amos 3-5	Sept. 9 p. 1166
254	Woes and Warnings	Amos 6-7	Sept. 10 p. 1170
255	Visions of Horror and Hope	Amos 8-9	Sept. 11 p. 1172
256	An Ancient Family Feud	Obadiah	Sept. 12 p. 1177
257	God's Reaching Mercy	Jonah 1-4	Sept. 13 p. 1181
258	Loving Others as Only God Can	Various	Sept. 14 p. 1184
259	Judah's Day of Judgment	Micah 1-2	Sept. 15 p. 1186
260	Judah's Day of Triumph	Micah 3-5	Sept. 16 p. 1189
261	Judah's Day in Court	Micah 6-7	Sept. 17 p. 1192
262	A Flood of Judgment on Nineveh	Nahum 1-3	Sept. 18 p. 1197
263	Living by Faith in Hard Times	Habakkuk 1–3	Sept. 19 p. 1202
264	Judgment Day Is Coming	Zephaniah 1-3	Sept. 20 p. 1207
265	Mercy and Justice for All	Various	Sept. 21 p. 1211
266	Don't Throw in the Trowel!	Haggai 1–2	Sept. 22 p. 1214
267	Visions of Horses and Horns	Zechariah 1–2	Sept. 23 p. 1218
268	Visions of Priests and Olive Trees	Zechariah 3–4	Sept. 24 p. 1220
269	Visions of Scrolls and Chariots	Zechariah 5-6	Sept. 25 p. 1222
270	To Fast or Not to Fast	Zechariah 7–8	Sept. 26 p. 1224
271	Israel's Coming King and Shepherd	Zechariah 9-11	Sept. 27 p. 1227
272	Finishing Touches	Various	Sept. 28 p. 1230
273	Israel's Coming Consolation	Zechariah 12-14	Sept. 29 p. 1231
274	Hard Words for Hearts of Stone	Malachi 1–4	Sept. 30 p. 1236
275	Pedigree of the King	Matthew 1–4	Oct. 1 p. 1244
276	Preaching of the King	Matthew 5–7	Oct. 2 p. 1248
277	Power of the King	Matthew 8–11	Oct. 3 p. 1253
278	Parables of the King	Matthew 12–15	Oct. 4 p. 1258
279	Principles of the King	Matthew 16-19	Oct. 5 p. 1265
280	More Parables of the King	Matthew 20–23	Oct. 6 p. 1270
281	Something Old, Something New	Various	Oct. 7 p. 1276
282	Predictions of the King	Matthew 24–25	Oct. 8 p. 1277
283	Passion of the King	Matthew 26–28	Oct. 9 p. 1281
284	Power of the Servant	Mark 1-3	Oct. 10 p. 1289

Walk	through the story	through the text	through the year
285 286 287 288	Compassion of the Servant Teaching of the Servant Signs of the Servant Committed to the Task	Mark 4–7 Mark 8–10 Mark 11–13 Various	Oct. 11 p. 1293 Oct. 12 p. 1300 Oct. 13 p. 1305 Oct. 14 p. 1310
289 290 291 292 293 294	Suffering of the Servant Advent of the Son of Man Authority of the Son of Man Activities of the Son of Man Antagonism toward the Son of Man Parables of the Son of Man/Part One	Mark 14–16 Luke 1–2 Luke 3–6 Luke 7–9 Luke 10–12 Luke 13–15	Oct. 15 p. 1311 Oct. 16 p. 1318 Oct. 17 p. 1323 Oct. 18 p. 1330 Oct. 19 p. 1336 Oct. 20 p. 1342
295 296 297 298 299 300	Parables of the Son of Man/Part Two Praise for the Son of Man Passion of the Son of Man Manifestation of the Son of God Ministry to Individuals by God's Son	Various Luke 16–18 Luke 19–21 Luke 22–24 John 1–2 John 3–5	Oct. 21 p. 1346 Oct. 22 p. 1347 Oct. 23 p. 1352 Oct. 24 p. 1357 Oct. 25 p. 1364 Oct. 26 p. 1367
301 302 303 304	Ministry to the Multitudes by 1372 God's Son Ready with an Answer Mounting Anger toward God's Son Ministry to the Disciples by God's Son	John 6–8 Various John 9–12 John 13–17	Oct. 27 p. 1372 Oct. 28 p. 1378 Oct. 29 p. 1380 Oct. 30 p. 1386
305 306 307 308 309 310	The Resurrected Son of God Power of the Church Progress of the Church Persecution of the Church Propagation of the Church Paul's First Journey	John 18–21 Acts 1–4 Acts 5–7 Acts 8–9 Acts 10–12 Acts 13–15	Oct. 31 p. 1392 Nov. 1 p. 1399 Nov. 2 p. 1404 Nov. 3 p. 1409 Nov. 4 p. 1413 Nov. 5 p. 1417
311 312 313 314 315	Paul's Second Journey Seeing and Hearing Is Believing Paul's Third Journey Paul's Arrest Paul's Three Trials	Acts 13–13 Acts 16–18 Various Acts 19–20 Acts 21–23 Acts 24–26	Nov. 6 p. 1423 Nov. 7 p. 1428 Nov. 8 p. 1429 Nov. 9 p. 1432
316 317 318 319	Paul's Trip to Rome Humanity's Need of Righteousness God's Provision of Righteousness Unreservedly Available	Acts 27–28 Romans 1–3 Romans 4–5 Various	Nov. 11 p. 1441 Nov. 12 p. 1446 Nov. 13 p. 1450 Nov. 14 p. 1453
320 321 322 323 324 325 326	God's Power for Righteous Living God's Plan of Righteousness Practical Outworking of Righteousness Problems with Divisions Problems with Daily Life Problems with Worship and Gifts Questions and Answers	Romans 6–8 Romans 9–11 Romans 12–16 1 Corinthians 1–6 1 Corinthians 7–10 1 Corinthians 11–14 Various	Nov. 15 p. 1454 Nov. 16 p. 1458 Nov. 17 p. 1462 Nov. 18 p. 1469 Nov. 19 p. 1474 Nov. 20 p. 1479 Nov. 21 p. 1484

Walk	through the story	through the text	through the year
327	Problems with Doctrinal Error	1 Corinthians 15–16	Nov. 22 p. 1485
328	Paul's Understanding of Ministry	2 Corinthians 1-5	Nov. 23 p. 1490
329	Paul's Motivation and Model	2 Corinthians 6-9	Nov. 24 p. 1494
330	Paul's Authority in Ministry	2 Corinthians 10-13	Nov. 25 p. 1498
331	Unshackled in Christ	Galatians 1–6	Nov. 26 p. 1504
332	Blessings for Life	Ephesians 1–6	Nov. 27 p. 1512
333	Eternal Riches	Various	Nov. 28 p. 1518
334	Joy in Christ	Philippians 1–4	Nov. 29 p. 1520
335	Christ, the Head of the Body	Colossians 1-4	Nov. 30 p. 1526
336	Stay on Target	1 Thessalonians 1–5	Dec. 1 p. 1532
337	Work While You Wait	2 Thessalonians 1–3	Dec. 2 p. 1537
338	The Pastor and Church Leadership	1 Timothy 1-3	Dec. 3 p. 1541
339	The Pastor and Personal Progress	1 Timothy 4-6	Dec. 4 p. 1544
340	Paul's Combat Manual	2 Timothy 1-4	Dec. 5 p. 1549
341	Practicing the Faith	Titus 1–3	Dec. 6 p. 1554
342	Happily Humble	Various	Dec. 7 p. 1556
343	Forgiveness in the Church	Philemon	Dec. 8 p. 1559
344	Christ, Superior to Angels	Hebrews 1-2	Dec. 9 p. 1562
345	Christ, Superior to Moses and Joshua	Hebrews 3-4	Dec. 10 p. 1564
346	Christ, Superior to Aaron	Hebrews 5-7	Dec. 11 p. 1567
347	Christ, Superior to the Mosaic Law	Hebrews 8-10	Dec. 12 p. 1570
348	Christ, Supreme Example of Faith	Hebrews 11-13	Dec. 13 p. 1574
349	Enduring Faith	Various	Dec. 14 p. 1579
350	Doers of the Word	James 1-5	Dec. 15 p. 1582
351	Courage in Suffering	1 Peter 1-5	Dec. 16 p. 1588
352	Poison in the Pew	2 Peter 1–3	Dec. 17 p. 1595
353	Fellowship Barometer	1 John 1-5	Dec. 18 p. 1600
354	Fellowship with Enemies	2 John	Dec. 19 p. 1606
355	Open the Door in the Name of the Lord	3 John	Dec. 20 p. 1609
356	Unscrambling the Truth	Various	Dec. 21 p. 1610
357	Contending for the Faith	Jude	Dec. 22 p. 1613
358	Letters to Seven Churches	Revelation 1–3	Dec. 23 p. 1616
359	Opening the Seven Seals	Revelation 4–5	Dec. 24 p. 1620
360	The Original Christmas Present	Revelation 6-7	Dec. 25 p. 1622
361	Blowing the Seven Trumpets	Revelation 8–9	Dec. 26 p. 1624
362	Describing the Seven Signs	Revelation 10-13	Dec. 27 p. 1627
363	Alpha and Omega	Various	Dec. 28 p. 1631
364	Pouring Out the Seven Bowls	Revelation 14–16	Dec. 29 p. 1632
365	Destroying God's Enemies	Revelation 17–19	Dec. 30 p. 1635
366	Making All Things New	Revelation 20–22	Dec. 31 p. 1639
	-		•

For small group or individual study, Pathways through specific books, topics, and the lives of characters in the Bible can be found at http://www.dailywalkpaths.com.